Single Audit Report Alachua County, Florida



ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Prepared by:
Finance and Accounting Department
Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners
J.K. Irby



ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

September 30, 2015



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers
Alachua County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Alachua County, Florida (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 12C to the financial statements, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2016, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gainesville, Florida June 22, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (MD&A)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis presents an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The County's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the Transmittal Letter, which precedes Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Statements

- Alachua County's assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources at September 30, 2015 by \$499.2 million (net position). The county provides a defined benefit pension plan for its employees. The county implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which requires employers providing a defined benefit pension plan to report a net pension liability. As a result, the county reported a (\$45.7) million unrestricted net position deficit.
- Total net position of \$499.2 million is comprised of the following:
 - 1) Net investment in capital assets of \$460.6 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of those capital assets.
 - 2) \$84.3 million of net position are restricted by constraints imposed from outside of the County such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
 - 3) (\$55.8) million of unrestricted deficit governmental net position and \$10.1 million of unrestricted business-type net position.
- The County's total net position decreased \$76. 7 million over the previous year with a decrease of \$75.4 from governmental activities and a decrease of \$1.3 million from business activities. This decrease in total net position is primarily due to implementation of GASB 68 and the recognition and reporting of a net pension liability.

Fund Statements

- At September 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending unassigned fund balances of \$14 million and total fund balances of \$118.1 million. Total fund balances had a decrease of \$1.6 million from the prior fiscal year.
- At September 30, 2015, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$14 million or 11.13% of General Fund operating revenue. Assigned fund balance includes \$6 million subsequent year's reserve for contingency and \$5.1 million for FY16 appropriated fund balance. General Fund balance decreased by \$0.6 million from the prior fiscal year.
- Governmental funds revenues increased overall by \$8.53 million or 3.98% from the prior fiscal year. The overall change in governmental funds revenues can primarily be attributed to the following: \$6.9 million increase in ad-valorem taxes as a result of an increase in the tax base and \$1.1 million increase both charges for services and investment revenue.
- After making regularly scheduled debt service payments for the year, the County had a net decrease in bonded debt of \$17.8 million over the prior fiscal year and notes payable had a net increase of \$8.4 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's Basic Financial Statements. The County's Basic Financial Statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other Required Supplementary Information and Supplemental Information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business and consist of the following two statements:

- The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is strengthening or weakening.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during fiscal year 2015. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include administration, community services, corrections, courts, culture and recreation, tourist development, emergency services, environmental services, growth management, law enforcement, solid waste collection, and transportation. The business-type activities of the County include the solid waste system and codes enforcement.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also the following legally separate component units: the Alachua County Housing Finance Authority and the John A. H. Murphree Law Library. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself; these component units do not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All County funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains thirty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the County-wide General Fund, Community Health Program Offering Innovative Care and Health Education Services (CHOICES), Municipal Service Taxing Unit (Unincorporated, Law Enforcement and Fire Protection), Gas Tax Uses, Debt Service, Other Capital Projects, Transportation Trust and Wild Spaces & Public Places which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplemental Information section of this report; the breakdown of the County-wide General Fund by Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officer is also presented in this section.

The County adopts an annual budget for its general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance; major funds budgetary comparison (excluding Debt Service and Capital Project funds) is in the Required Supplementary Information starting on page 87 and for non-major, Debt Service and Capital Project funds in the Supplementary Information section starting on page 105.

The basic governmental fund statements can be found on pages 26-32 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to Solid Waste and Codes Enforcement. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Computer Replacement, Vehicle Replacement, Fleet Management, Telephone Service, Self-Insurance Liability and Health Insurance operations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste System, as well as the only non-major enterprise fund, Codes Enforcement Fund. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-37 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-39 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40-85 of this report, with the index to the notes on the first page of that section.

Other Information

Supplemental information in the form of combining statements referred to earlier, present a more detailed view of non-major funds used in governmental and enterprise funds. The sub-funds of the General Fund are presented first, followed by the budget to actual schedules for non-major special revenue funds, the debt service fund and all capital projects funds. Also included are statements for internal service and agency funds as well as component unit information. Combining and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 97-135 of this report. Additional information about the County that may be of interest to the reader is found under the Statistical section on pages 159-187 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$499.2 million at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 (see table next page).

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the County is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position, for the government as a whole, and all three categories for its separate business-type activities.

Current and other assets decreased by 1.2% over the prior year due to issuance of new debt in prior year, \$9.9 million for the acquisition and construction of public improvements consisting of a new building facility, fire station, criminal courthouse HVAC system, and ERP financial software system. Net investment in capital assets, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, increased by 2.1% due to the completion of several road resurfacing projects, the improvement of parks, and renovations and upgrades of fire station facilities.

Alachua County, Florida Net Position (in millions)

_	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Tot	Percent Change	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Current and other assets	\$168.7	\$166.2	\$19.3	\$19.6	\$188.0	\$185.8	-1.2%
Capital assets	515.9	516.9	9.5	9.5	525.4	526.3	0.2%
Total assets	684.6	683.1	28.8	29.0	713.4	712.1	-0.2%
Deferred Outflows	\$0.9	\$38.0		\$0.7	\$0.9	\$38.7	4198.2%
Current liabilities	38.5	42.6	1.5	1.8	40.0	44.5	11.1%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	93.3	163.5	5.1	6.3	98.4	169.8	72.5%
Total liabilities	131.8	206.1	6.6	8.1	138.4	214.2	54.8%
Deferred Inflows	-	\$36.7	_	\$0.7	_	\$37.5	_
A	440.4	451.1	0.5	0.5	451.0	150.5	1.00/
Net investment in capital assets	442.4	451.1	9.5	9.5	451.9	460.6	1.9%
Net position - restricted	86.0	82.9	1.4	1.4	87.4	84.3	-3.5%
Net position - unrestricted (deficit)	25.3	(55.8)	11.3	10.1	36.6	(45.7)	-224.7%
Total net position	\$553.7	\$478.3	\$22.2	\$20.9	\$575.9	\$499.2	-13.3%

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true net position rounded totals.)

Current liabilities and long-term liabilities in total increased from the previous year by 54.8% due to recognition of a net pension liability.

Total net position at year end is \$499.2 million. The largest portion of the County's net position (\$460.6 million or 92.3%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (\$84.3 million or 16.9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position deficit (\$45.7 million or 9.1%). The \$45.7 million unrestricted deficit in net position reflects the shortfall the county would face in the event it would have to liquidate all of its non-capital liabilities, including insurance claims payable, compensated absences, and other post-employment benefits, at September 30, 2015. A deficit in unrestricted net position should not be considered, solely, as evidence of economic financial difficulties.

Restricted net position in the governmental activities and business-type activities had a net decrease of \$3.1 million or 3.5% from 2014 to 2015. This portion of net position represents restrictions from specific revenue sources and grants. Main components of the net decrease include:

- Net increase of \$.5 million in restricted assets for debt requirements bond covenants for bond insurance downgrades and increase in funding requirements on new issues
- Net increase of \$.5 million in restricted assets for tourist development

- Decrease of \$3.6 million in restricted assets for road construction reduction bond proceeds
- Decrease of \$.5 in restricted asses for impact fee transportation

Unrestricted net position in the governmental type activities decreased by \$81.7 million, due to the required recognition and reporting of the county's portion of the defined benefit pension plan net pension liability.

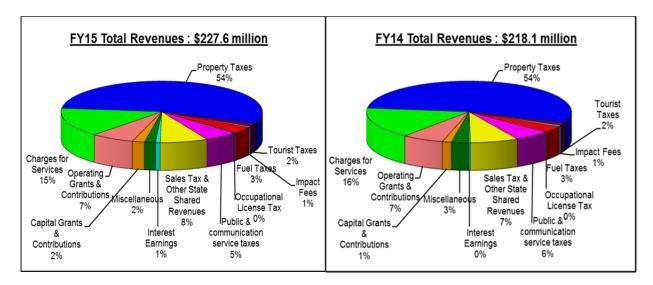
Alachua County, Florida Changes in Net Position

(in millions)

	Gover	nmental	Busin	ess-type						
	Acti	ivities		ivities		Total	Change			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$35.2	\$34.5	\$13.3	\$14.4	\$48.5	\$48.9	0.7%			
Operating grants and contributions	14.3	15.7	-	-	14.3	15.7	9.8%			
Capital grants and contributions	3.1	4.4	0.1	\$0.0	3.2	4.4	38.0%			
General revenues:										
Property taxes	117.0	123.4	-	-	117.0	123.4	5.4%			
Other taxes	23.7	24.5	-	-	23.7	24.5	3.1%			
Other	24.8	25.1	0.5	1.5	25.3	26.7	5.6%			
Total revenues	218.1	227.6	13.9	15.9	232.0	243.5	5.0%			
Expenses:										
Administration	43.1	45.0	-	-	43.1	45.0	4.4%			
Community services	17.9	14.3	-	-	17.9	14.3	-20.1%			
Corrections	31.1	31.3	-	-	31.1	31.3	0.8%			
Courts	20.0	19.7	-	-	20.0	19.7	-1.7%			
Culture and recreation	2.1	2.2	-	-	2.1	2.2	7.5%			
Tourist development	3.1	3.0	-	-	3.1	3.0	-4.0%			
Emergency services	32.5	32.6	-	-	32.5	32.6	0.4%			
Environmental services	2.9	3.1	-	-	2.9	3.1	8.9%			
Growth management	3.7	4.1	-	-	3.7	4.1	10.4%			
Law enforcement	33.8	32.2	-	-	33.8	32.2	-4.7%			
Solid waste collection	4.8	5.0	-	-	4.8	5.0	3.7%			
Transportation	18.5	17.8	-	-	18.5	17.8	-4.1%			
Interest on long-term debt	3.3	3.1	-	-	3.3	3.1	-5.5%			
Solid waste disposal system	-	-	12.0	14.3	12.0	14.3	19.2%			
Codes enforcement	-	-	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	-4.1%			
Total expenses	216.8	213.4	13.1	15.4	229.9	228.8	-0.5%			
Increase (decrease) in net position										
before transfers	1.3	14.2	0.8	0.6	2.1	14.7				
Transfers	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.1	0.1	-	-				
Increase (decrease) in net position	1.2	14.1	0.9	0.6	2.1	14.7				
Net Position - Beginning as			-							
previously reported	552.5	553.7	21.3	22.2	573.8	575.9				
Change in accounting principle	(0.0)	(89.5)	0.0	(1.9)	(0.0)	(91.4)				
Net Position-beginning-as restated	552.5	464.2	21.3	20.3	573.8	484.5				
Net Position - Ending	\$ 553.7	\$ 478.3	\$ 22.2	\$ 20.9	\$ 575.9	\$ 499.2	-13.3%			

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true net position rounded totals.)

The following charts show a graphical comparison of governmental revenues by source.

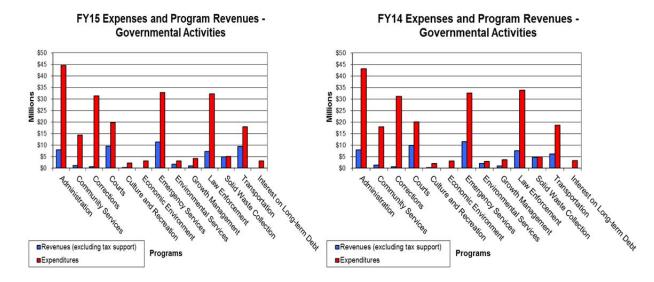


Governmental Activities

The County's total net position decreased \$76.7 million over the previous year with a decrease of \$75.4 from governmental activities and a decrease of \$1.3 million from business activities.

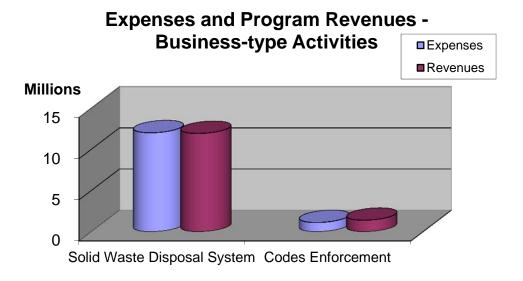
Major changes in revenues were caused by the following:

- Capital Grants and Contributions increased overall by 38%. During the FY2015, the County received \$1.1 million dollar federal grant for the 8th Avenue bike lane and sidewalk project. This federal grant was for the construction of a bike lane/sidewalk on SW8th Avenue and SW 122nd Street. In addition, also received federal Community Development Block grant funds for stabilizing communities that have suffered foreclosure and abandonment of property.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased overall by 9.8%. Alachua County received a grant from Criminal Justice Mental Health and Substance Abuse (CJMSAG) Reinvestment Grant agreement. This program provides services to adults involved in the criminal justice system who have a mental illness, substance abuse, or a mental health and substance abuse problem. During FY2015, the county received \$.4 million for the operation of this program.
- Property tax revenue increased by \$6.4 million as a result Board approval of millage rate changes in fiscal year 2015 to 2.2235 mills for MSTU-Law Enforcement and 1.4736 mills for MSTU-Fire Services. This resulted in additional property tax revenues being received within MSTU-Law Enforcement and MSTU-Fire Services. In addition, property tax revenue also increased due to growth in new construction.



Major changes in expenses were caused by the following:

- Court expenses decreased by 1.7% or .3 million. The primary component of the decrease is mandated reduction in clerk fine and forfeiture expenses over the prior year.
- Community services expenses decreased by \$3.6 million or 20.1%, because of decrease in Choices program expenses. Pursuant to a successful sales tax referendum in August 2004, the County began receiving .25% additional sales tax for the seven year period January 2005 thru December 2011. On December 31, 2013, the Choices program benefits were discontinued. The Board and Staff are developing a plan for spend down of the remaining choices fund balance.
- Solid Waste disposal system expenses increased by \$2.3 million or 19.2%, due to the county taking over the operations of the Material Recovery Center Facility at the Leveda Brown Environmental Park.
- Growth management increased by 10.4% or \$.4 million. During FY2015, the expenses for the Community Development Block Grant and Local Housing Assistant program increased over the prior fiscal year. These programs provide low-income housing and rehabilitation assistance.
- Transportation decreased by \$.7 million or 4.1% due to the completion of several major road resurfacing and widening projects in the prior fiscal year.
- Environmental services increased by 8.9% or \$.2 million. During FY2015, the expenses increased due to the expansion of existing natural resource protection programs within the county.



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities net position remained the same from previous year.

- The Solid Waste Transfer Station went into operation in 1999. The 27,520 square foot Transfer Station is operated by approximately 22 employees and has eight tractor-trailers, two grapples, and a front-end loader. Approximately 500-600 tons per day of household and commercial waste is hauled to the Transfer Station and ultimately routed to the New River Solid Waste Facility in Raiford, Florida. For the year, operating revenues fell short of operating expenses by \$246,566. After accounting for non-operating revenues and transfers-in, the Transfer Station had a change in net position for the year of negative \$6,599. The primary reason for the negative change in net position is due to the County taking over the operations of the Material Recovery Facility at the Leveda Brown Environmental Park.
- Codes Enforcement furnishes services to the development community and citizens. Codes Enforcement operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$0.6 million in fiscal year 2015. Revenues increase slightly for licenses and permits, with the majority being in mechanical and residential remodel. Total permits issued in fiscal year 2015 were 5,797 versus 5,060 permits issued in fiscal year 2014.

Fund Financial Analysis

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The primary purpose of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources, available for spending, at the end of the fiscal year.

Alachua County, Florida Designations of Fund Balance

Total fund balance	\$ 118,080,708
Fund balance designation:	
Nonspendable	904,731
Restricted	78,825,739
Assigned	24,361,564
Unassigned fund balance	\$ 13,988,674

As of the end of fiscal year 2015, the County's governmental funds reported combined unassigned ending fund balances of \$14 million, an increase of \$0.2 million from the prior year. The increase in unassigned fund balance from the prior year is primarily due to a reduction in assigned fund balance for subsequent year's reserve for contingency.

Major Funds

The General Fund, CHOICES, Municipal Service Taxing Unit (separated into Unincorporated Services, Law Enforcement and Fire Protection), Gas Tax Uses, Debt Service, Other Capital Projects, Transportation Trust and Wild Spaces & Public Places are reported as major funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County and consists of six sub-fund categories: BOCC Countywide General Fund, Clerk of Court General Fund, Property Appraiser General Fund, Sheriff General Fund, Supervisor of Elections General Fund, and Tax Collector General Fund. The General Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$0.7 million. The total fund balance was \$25.8 million of which \$14 million was unassigned. The cash & investment balance at the end of the year was \$21.3 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund operating revenues. The unassigned fund balance represents 11.13% of total actual FY15 General Fund operating revenue and 10.08% of projected FY16 operating revenues. The General Fund's spendable unrestricted fund balance (the sum of committed, assigned, & unassigned fund balance) totaled \$25.8 million and met the minimum fund balance recommendation of the Government Finance Officers Association which defines a minimum unrestricted fund balance of no less than two months of regular General Fund operating revenues or operating expenditures.

The CHOICES Program was approved by the voters on August 31, 2004. The program is funded by a ¼ cent sales tax which was approved through December 2011. As of September 30, 2015, the total fund balance for CHOICES was \$9.3 million. During the year CHOICES had \$0.2 million in investment and miscellaneous income. \$0.5 million was spent for program costs resulting in a net change in fund balance of (\$0.3) million.

The Municipal Service Taxing Unit (MSTU) – Unincorporated Services Fund provides services to citizens in the unincorporated area of the County, including recreation, environmental services, transportation and development related activities such as codes enforcement and planning. Slight increase in overall revenue resulted in an overall rise in fund balance during the year of \$0.2 million. The fund has an ending fund balance of \$1.2 million. The ending fund balance represents 22.59% of the MTSU - Unincorporated Services operating revenue.

The MSTU - Law Enforcement Fund pays for the majority of the Sheriff's patrol in the unincorporated area of the County through transfers of \$19 million to the Sheriff. The decrease in fund balance during

the year was \$0.6 million. This decrease was the result of an increase in transfers out, while revenue remained the same, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$1.1 million. The \$2.4 million borrowed in fiscal year 2009 from the General Fund is still outstanding.

The MSTU - Fire Protection Fund provides fire fighting and related services to citizens in the unincorporated area of the County. The fund has an ending in fund balance of \$1.7 million, an increase of \$0.1 million dollars from the prior year. The ending fund balance represents 13.85% of the MSTU – Fire Protection Services operating revenue.

The Gas Tax Uses Fund is the primary operating fund of the Public Works – Road & Bridge Department. The primary revenue source for this fund is fuel taxes as well as transfers-in which totaled \$4.4 million, including \$2.6 million from the General Fund to bolster lagging gas tax revenues, and \$1.8 million from unrestricted debt service collections on Gas Tax Revenue Bonds. This year \$8.3 million was spent on maintenance of County roads. Revenues including transfers were more than expenditures by \$1.2 million resulting in an ending fund balance of \$2.5 million.

The Debt Service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term obligations of debt of governmental funds. Total planned principal and interest payments for the year were \$13.2 million. The fund has an ending balance of \$6.8 million, an increase of \$1 million from fiscal year 2014.

The Other Capital Projects Fund accounts for impact fees, bond proceeds and other allocations for general facilities improvements. In September 2015, \$3.8 million in Capital Improvement and 12.6 million Public Improvement Revenue Notes were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of a new Public Defender building and related capital improvement. The fund has a total ending fund balance of \$14.7 million.

The Transportation Trust Fund was established in fiscal year 2005 by a transfer from the Gas Tax Uses fund, in the amount of \$9.0 million. Also, on April 19, 2005, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) authorized staff to proceed with the issuance of \$33 million in Gas Tax Bonds for transportation improvements. In 2006, the first series of Revenue Tax Bonds were issued for \$15.4 million. In 2008, the second series were issued for \$18.2 million. In 2011, the BOCC approved issuance of an additional \$9.5 million bank note, pledging the County's 5 cent local option gas tax. In FY2013, the BOCC transferred-in transportation related impact fees and other transportation capital project funds totaling \$17.4 million. After transportation improvement expenditures of \$9 million this fiscal year, the 2015 ending fund balance was \$24.2 million.

The Wild Spaces & Public Places (WSPP) capital project fund originated as a result of voter referendum on November 4, 2008 that approved a half-cent sales tax for two year duration. Funding from the WSPP sales tax is used to purchase conservation lands and to fund recreational improvements in the County. The remaining balance of the two-year sales tax was spent down this fiscal year, resulting in the closure of the fund.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The Solid Waste System fund is reported as a major fund.

The Solid Waste System fund is used to account for the operation of the County's off-site collection centers, recycling, transfer station and the monitoring and remediation activities of the County's closed landfills. The Solid Waste System operates like a business, where the rates established by the County

generate sufficient funds to pay the costs of current operations and provide for long-term asset acquisitions. As required by the State Department of Environmental Protection, the County has set aside over \$3.5 million for long term care of the closed landfills. Total assets as of September 30, 2015 were \$27.1 million, of which \$9.4 million are capital assets, net of depreciation. Total liabilities were \$7.5 million. There was no real change in net position resulting in an ending net position of \$19.6 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the General Fund's original and final budgeted operating revenues, excluding other financial sources was an increase of \$447,211 in charges for services and investments recognized during mid-year budget adjustments.

The differences between the original and final General Fund budget for current operating expenditures was partially the result of moving budget from the Reserve for Contingencies for the following:

- \$202,941 Intergovernmental Radio Communication Program
- 125,840 Funding for GRACE Marketplace
- \$122,981 Additional Department of Juvenile Justice detention costs

Other major changes between the original and final General Fund budget for current operating expenditures included the following major adjustment:

• \$3 million—carry forward of prior year purchase orders and mid-year fund balance adjustments.

General Fund actual revenues overall were \$2.4 million more than the final amended budgeted revenues. \$1.4 million of this amount is due to more taxes being collected than budgeted; per Florida Statute 129.01, only 95 percent of anticipated receipts may be budgeted. Also, actual charges for service for EMS billings were \$.7 million more than was budgeted. Actual operating expenditures overall were \$10.7 million less than was budgeted; this was primarily due to a \$1.6 million savings in general government expenses and unused reserve for contingency balance of \$5.3 million.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015 totals \$526.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation) and includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, leasehold improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The County experienced an overall decrease in investment in capital assets over the prior fiscal year of approximately .2 %.

Alachua County, Florida Capital Assets

(net of depreciation, in millions)

	Governmental			Business-type							Percent
	Act	ivities		Activities			Total			Change	
	2014	2015		2	2014 201		2015		2014	2015	
Land	\$ 253.2	\$ 254.8		\$	3.5	\$	3.4		\$ 256.7	\$ 258.2	0.58%
Art	0.1	0.1			-		-		0.1	0.1	0.00%
Infrastructure	125.1	119.1			-		-		125.1	119.1	-4.80%
Buildings	89.9	86.5			1.5		1.5		91.4	88.0	-3.72%
Improvements other than buildings	6.7	6.4			3.1		2.9		9.8	9.3	-5.10%
Equipment	24.9	26.6			1.4		1.6		26.3	28.2	7.22%
Construction in progress	16.0	23.4			-		-		16.0	23.4	46.25%
Total	\$ 515.9	\$ 516.9		\$	9.5	\$	9.4		\$ 525.4	\$ 526.3	0.17%

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true rounded totals.)

As shown in the above table, construction in progress increased due primarily to road and sidewalk construction.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Road resurfacing and widening projects completed 2015 using contractors:
 - o SW 156th Ave Culvert (\$1.1 million spent to date)
 - o NW 98th St Multi-use Path (\$728,964 spent to date)
- Planning, design and construction began or continued on the following major road resurfacing and widening projects this fiscal year for:
 - o NW CR 231 from SR 121 to SR 235 (6 miles for \$2.6 million spent to date)
 - o SW 20th Ave from SW61st St to SW 62 Blvd (\$538,629 spent to date)
 - o NW 16th Ave from NW 57th Terrace to NW 13th St (4 miles for \$8.1 million spent to date)
 - o SW 62nd Ave/SW 63rd Blvd from Archer Rd to Williston Rd (\$6.8 million spent to date)
 - o SW CR 337 from Levy County to SR 26 (8 miles for \$.5 million spent to date)
 - o Archer Braid Multi-Use Path from the City of Archer to SW 91st St (3.4 miles for \$1.5 million spent to date)
 - o SW 8th Ave Connector Milling, Resurfacing and new road construction (\$1.8 million spent to date)
 - o SW 20th Ave/SW 24th Ave Four Lane Bridge and Turn Lane (\$730,800 spent to date)
 - o SW 156th Ave Culvert (\$1.1 million spent to date)
 - o SW 8th Ave Multi-Use Path (2 miles for \$1.3 million spent to date)
 - o NW 23th Ave @ Ft. Clarke Blvd Intersection (\$1.4 million spent to date)
 - o SE 43rd St Roadway Modifications (\$142,230 spent to date)
 - o NW 143rd Ave @ NW 32nd Ave Intersection (\$101,133 spent to date)

• County Buildings

- o South West Advocacy Group (SWAG) Health Clinic new doors and windows, HVAC and plumbing, electrical upgrades, and other renovations completed.(\$379,962)
- o Alachua County Fire Station #25 in Hawthorne renovations included backup up generator system, upgraded communications and wiring system, new electrical, and energy efficient HVAC equipment, along with various other improvements to the existing building, totaling \$800,000.

Neighborhood Stabilization Program

 The County received federal funds in FY14 from CDBG Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) grant. The funds paid for the acquisition and rehabilitation of houses as well as for house maintenance and program administration. In FY15, the County spent \$35,221 on repairs/renovations.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 61-62 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$44.4 million. The County's debt represents bonds secured by specified revenue sources (i.e., Revenue Bonds).

Alachua County, Florida Outstanding Debt

	 2014	2015
Revenue Bonds		
Revenue Bonds	\$ 62,180,000	\$ 44,390,000
Total	\$ 62,180,000	\$ 44,390,000
Notes Payable		
2008 Capital Improvement bank loan	\$ 5,262,000	\$ 4,768,000
2011 Local Option Gas Tax bank loan	6,404,000	5,178,000
2012 Alachua County Forever bank loan	4,870,200	2,275,700
2014 Public Improvement bank loan	9,900,000	9,900,000
2015A Capital Improvement bank loan	-	50,152
2015B Public Improvement bank loan	-	12,637,000
Total	\$ 26,436,200	\$ 34,808,852

After making regularly scheduled debt service payments for the year, the County had a decrease in bonded debt of over \$17.8 million and a net increase in notes payable of \$8.4 million from the prior fiscal year. The net increase in notes payable was due to the issuance of \$12.6 million in Public Improvement Revenue Notes to provide funds for the principal purpose of refunding 2007 A Series Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, maturing in fiscal year 2018.

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 64-69 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County at September 30, 2015 was 4.5%. This represents a decrease of 2.2% from the prior year, and is one of the lowest rates in the state.
- The total taxable assessed value increased 2.7% for the FY16 budget year with a tax base of \$12.1 billion.
- There were 5,797 building permits issued in the County for fiscal year 2015, up 12.71% from the previous fiscal year total of 5,060.
- Estimated population decreased by .21% from an estimate of 253,451 to 252,911.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$14 million with a total fund balance of \$25.8 million. The fiscal year 2015 ad valorem millage rate for the General Fund remained the same at 8.7990 mills and the tax rate decreased to 8.7950 for fiscal year 2016.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the Alachua County Clerk of Courts, Finance and Accounting, 201 East University Avenue, Gainesville, Florida 32601. Additional financial information, including financial reports from prior fiscal years, can also be found on our website http://www.alachuacounty.us/Depts/Clerk/Pages/FinancialReports.aspx.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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	Primary Government						
	(Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	(Component Units
Assets:							
Current Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash & investments	\$	129,396,614 \$	13,772,039	\$	143,168,653	\$	324,124
Cash with claims administrator		200,000	-		200,000		-
Other cash and equivalents		10,505,369	250		10,505,619		-
Investments		1,905,444	-		1,905,444		-
Receivables (net)		2,691,374	827,256		3,518,630		356
Due from other governments		7,528,315	21,663		7,549,978		1,575
Internal balances		(15,231)	15,231		-		-
Inventories or assets held for sale		749,909	-		749,909		-
Prepaid items		1,693,846	1,225		1,695,071		-
Net OPEB asset		614,862	43,163		658,025		-
Total current non-restricted assets		155,270,502	14,680,827		169,951,329		326,055
Current Restricted Assets:							
Sinking fund cash & cash reserves		12,352,702	-		12,352,702		-
Total current restricted assets		12,352,702	-		12,352,702		-
Total current assets (restricted & non-restricted)		167,623,204	14,680,827		182,304,031		326,055
Noncurrent Assets:							
Noncurrent restricted assets:							
Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments		-	53,573		53,573		-
Restricted advances to other funds		(1,384,450)	1,384,450				
Restricted investments		-	3,437,498		3,437,498		-
Restricted interest receivable		=	14,236		14,236		-
Total noncurrent restricted assets		(1,384,450)	4,889,757		3,505,307		-
Capital Assets:							
Land		254,814,477	3,478,857		258,293,334		-
Artwork		91,390	-		91,390		-
Infrastructure		509,919,537	-		509,919,537		-
Buildings		143,403,597	2,959,928		146,363,525		-
Improvements other than buildings		15,173,897	13,656,734		28,830,631		-
Equipment and software		80,453,295	4,329,255		84,782,550		-
Construction in progress		23,381,351	-		23,381,351		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(510,387,328)	(14,969,582)		(525,356,910)		-
Total capital assets		516,850,216	9,455,192		526,305,408		-
Total noncurrent assets (restricted & non-restricted)		515,465,766	14,344,949		529,810,715		
Total Assets	\$	683,088,970 \$	29,025,776	\$	712,114,746	\$	326,055
Deferred Outflow of Resources: Deferred amounts related to pensions Deferred loss on refunding		36,560,809 1,414,262	708,972		37,269,781 1,414,262		- -
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		37,975,071	708,972		38,684,043		_
20m2 201104 Outilott of 145041105		51,713,011	100,712		20,004,043		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Page		Primary G	overnment		
Current Labilities (payable from current assets): Account payable \$ 13,276,039 \$ 841,071 \$ 14,117,110 \$ 23,845 Account interest payable \$ 1,073,133 \$ 1,				-	Component
Current Labilities (psyable from current assets):		Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Current Labilities (psyable from current assets):	Liabilities:				
Accounts payable \$ 13,276.09 \$ 841,071 \$ 13,133 3.5 Accrued interst payable 1,073,133 - 1,073,133 - 57,1311 - 571,311 - 571,311 - 571,311 - 571,311 - 3,088 - 3,088 - 571,311 - 571,311 - 3,088 - 571,311 - 571,311 - 3,088 - 571,311					
Estimated liability for self insurance losses	* *	\$ 13,276,039	\$ 841,071	\$ 14,117,110	\$ 23,845
Description 1,71,111	Accrued interest payable	1,073,133	-	1,073,133	-
Deposits 3,626.61	Estimated liability for self insurance losses	1,931,303	-	1,931,303	-
Deposits 1,705,732 3,50		571,311	-	571,311	-
December Name 1,705,332 3,500 1,708,832 7,809,139 3 Accured compensated absences 7,360,807 333,332 7,809,139 3 Accured handfill closure cost 434,597 434,597 3 Capital lesse payable 883,430 5 883,430 5 883,430 5 10,806,100 5 10,806,100 7 Medicaid payable 1,226,645 24,755 1,148,400 7 Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) 42,624,754 1,826,114 44,450,868 27,803 7 Total current liabilities (payable from current assets 42,624,754 1,826,114 44,450,868 27,803 7 Noncurrent Liabilities: 2,7803 2,803			,		3,958
Accrued Landfill closure cost	*				-
Accorded landfill closure cost					-
Capital lease payable	<u> •</u>	/,360,80/			-
Medicain payable 883,430 883,430 - 10,806,100 - 10,806,1		202 157	434,397		-
Bonds and notes payable 1,806,100 1,123,645 24,755 1,148,400 1,123,645 24,755 1,148,400 1,123,645 24,755 1,148,400 1,123,645 24,755 1,148,400 27,803 28,803 24,803,803,803 24,803,803,803,803 24,803,803,803 24,803,803,803,803 24,803,803,803,803,803,803,803,803,803,803	1 1 1		-		-
Noncurrent Liabilities (payable from current assets)	* *		_		_
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	* *				
Noncurrent Liabilities	*	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, , , , ,	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	* *	42,624,754	1,826,114	44,450,868	27,803
Accrued compensated absences	•		, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
Estimated liability for self insurance losses 3,355,936 - 3,535,936 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 436,504 - 883,429 -	Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Capital lease payable 436,504 - 436,504 - Medicaid payable 883,429 - 883,429	Accrued compensated absences	7,188,048	204,488	7,392,536	-
Medicaid payable 883,429 883,429 883,429 883,429 800			-		-
Bonds and notes payable (net of amortization on discounts & premiums) September Sept	1 1 2	436,504	-	436,504	-
Repremiums	1 3	883,429	-	883,429	-
Net pension liability	· ·				
Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from noncurrent assets)			1.525.050		-
Noncurrent Liabilities (payable from restricted assets): Accrued landfill closure cost		82,585,198	1,725,858	84,311,056	-
Noncurrent Liabilities (payable from restricted assets): Accrued landfill closure cost - 4,360,843 4,360,843 - Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted assets) - 4,360,843 4,360,843 - Total noncurrent liabilities 163,480,154 6,291,189 169,771,343 - Total Liabilities 206,104,908 8,117,303 214,222,211 27,803 Deferred Inflows of Resources:	* *	163 480 154	1 030 346	165 410 500	
Accrued landfill closure cost	assets)	103,400,134	1,730,340	103,410,300	
Accrued landfill closure cost	Noncurrent Liabilities (payable from restricted assets):				
Total noncurrent liabilities 163,480,154 6,291,189 169,771,343 -	* *	-	4,360,843	4,360,843	-
Total noncurrent liabilities 163,480,154 6,291,189 169,771,343 -	Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted				
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Section	assets)	-	4,360,843	4,360,843	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Section					
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflows of Resources 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resource 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for: Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	Total noncurrent liabilities	163,480,154	6,291,189	169,771,343	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflows of Resources 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resource 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for: Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252		205 104 000	0.117.202	214 222 211	27.002
Deferred amounts related to pensions 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for: Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,56	Total Liabilities	206,104,908	8,117,303	214,222,211	27,803
Deferred amounts related to pensions 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for: Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,56	Deformed Inflows of Descourage				
Net Position: 36,636,256 723,487 37,359,743 - Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for:		36 636 256	723 487	37 359 743	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for: Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 -	•		•		_
Net investment in capital assets 451,139,046 9,455,192 460,594,238 - Restricted for: Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 <td>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</td> <td>30,030,230</td> <td>723,107</td> <td>37,337,713</td> <td></td>	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	30,030,230	723,107	37,337,713	
Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - 2 Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - 1,233,030 - 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - 2,326,419 - 3,25,227 - 3,25,227 - 3,25,227 - 3,225,227 - 3,225,227 - 3,225,227 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3,225,226 - 3	Net Position:				
Restricted for debt service 1,323,927 - 1,323,927 - Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 -	Net investment in capital assets	451,139,046	9,455,192	460,594,238	-
Restricted for debt requirements 9,644,325 1,384,450 11,028,775 - Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - <td>Restricted for:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Restricted for:				
Restricted for CHOICES 9,314,480 - 9,314,480 - Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	Restricted for debt service	1,323,927	-	1,323,927	-
Restricted for tourist development 5,683,671 - 5,683,671 - Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	*		1,384,450		-
Restricted for road construction 11,913,030 - 11,913,030 - Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252		, ,	-		-
Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program 2,326,419 - 2,326,419 - Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252		, ,	-		-
Restricted for capital improvement revenue projects 25,227 - 25,227 - Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252			-		-
Restricted for public improvement revenue projects 9,285,259 - 9,285,259 - Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	• • • •	, ,	-		=
Restricted for impact fee - fire 387,391 - 387,391 - Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252			-		-
Restricted for impact fee - parks 325,566 - 325,566 - Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	1 1 1		-		-
Restricted for impact fee - transportation 10,405,525 - 10,405,525 - Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	*	,	-		-
Restricted for multi-modal mitigation fee - transportation 1,276,641 - 1,276,641 - Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	* ************************************		-		-
Restricted for enabling legislation 17,233,396 - 17,233,396 - Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_		_
Restricted for grants and other purposes 3,861,479 - 3,861,479 - Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252			-		-
Unrestricted (Deficit) (55,822,505) 10,054,316 (45,768,189) 298,252			-		-
	* * *		10,054,316		298,252
	Total Net Position	\$ 478,322,877	\$ 20,893,958	\$ 499,216,835	\$ 298,252

		Program Revenues					
		Operating					Capital
		(Charges for	(Grants and	(Frants and
Programs	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Co	ontributions
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Administration	\$ 45,047,217	\$	6,683,207	\$	1,197,020	\$	-
Community services	14,334,906		369,746		786,790		-
Corrections	31,332,027		532,370		36,118		-
Courts	19,656,122		7,222,502		2,312,751		-
Culture and recreation	2,236,603		65,824		-		-
Tourist development	3,029,600		-		-		-
Emergency services	32,590,199		9,860,017		1,325,774		37,059
Environmental services	3,132,881		396,870		1,219,594		52,000
Growth management	4,054,179		185,788		703,331		104,362
Law enforcement	32,184,354		3,117,772		4,016,241		79,090
Solid waste collection	4,977,579		4,783,221		3,373		-
Transportation	17,775,870		1,294,256		4,112,648		4,160,066
Interest on long-term debt	3,024,915		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	213,376,452		34,511,573		15,713,640		4,432,577
Business-type activities:							
Solid waste disposal system	14,315,219		12,697,955		-		_
Codes enforcement	1,069,199		1,666,078		-		-
Total business-type activities	15,384,418		14,364,033		-		-
Total primary government	\$ 228,760,870	\$	48,875,606	\$	15,713,640	\$	4,432,577
Component Units:							
Murphree Law Library	\$ 63,571	\$	48,703	\$	-	\$	-
Alachua County Housing Finance Authority	150,380		-		-		-
Total component units	\$ 213,951	\$	48,703	\$	-	\$	-
*			•				

General revenues:

Property taxes

Tourist development taxes

Impact fees

Multi-modal mitigation fees

Fuel taxes

Local business taxes

Public & communication service taxes

Sales tax & other state shared revenue-unrestricted

Interest earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net position before transfers

Transfers

Changes in net position

Net position - beginning, as previously reported

Net pension liability

Deferred outflow related to pensions

Deferred inflow related to pensions

Net position-beginning-as restated

Net position - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

	1,00 (1	xpense) Revenue and		Component
	F	rimary Government		Units
Gov	ernmental	Business-type		
	ctivities	Activities	Total	
5	(37,166,990)	\$ - \$	(37,166,990)	
	(13,178,370)	-	(13,178,370)	
	(30,763,539)	-	(30,763,539)	
	(10,120,869)	-	(10,120,869)	
	(2,170,779)	-	(2,170,779)	
	(3,029,600)	-	(3,029,600)	
	(21,367,349)	-	(21,367,349)	
	(1,464,417)	-	(1,464,417)	
	(3,060,698)	-	(3,060,698)	
	(24,971,251)	-	(24,971,251)	
	(190,985)	-	(190,985)	
	(8,208,900)	-	(8,208,900)	
	(3,024,915)	-	(3,024,915)	
(.	158,718,662)	-	(158,718,662)	
	-	(1,617,264)	(1,617,264)	
	-	596,879	596,879	
	-	(1,020,385)	(1,020,385)	
(158,718,662)	(1,020,385)	(159,739,047)	
				\$ (14,868
			-	(150,380
			-	(165,248
	123,368,514	_	123,368,514	
	4,226,118	_	4,226,118	_
	1,395,367	_	1,395,367	_
	539,705	_	539,705	_
	7,752,098	_	7,752,098	-
	221,218	_	221,218	-
	12,274,716	-	12,274,716	-
	17,387,461	_	17,387,461	-
	1,670,081	118,965	1,789,046	2,933
	4,097,239	1,376,355	5,473,594	53,045
	172,932,517	1,495,320	174,427,837	55,978
	14,213,855	474,935	14,688,790	(109,270
	(70,310)	70,310		-
	14,143,545	545,245	14,688,790	(109,270
	553,685,792	22,232,840	575,918,632	407,522
	(52,230,268)	(1,110,098)	(53,340,366)	-
	10,077,129	168,257	10,245,386	_
	(47,353,321)	(942,286)	(48,295,607)	-
	464,179,332	20,348,713	484,528,045	407,522

	(GENERAL	(CHOICES		MSTU CORPORATED ERVICES	ENF	MSTU LAW FORCEMENT
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	21,288,750	\$	9,306,260	\$	956,422	\$	2,670,124
Other cash and equivalents		5,876,091		-		100		-
Sinking fund cash and cash reserves		-		-		-		-
Investments		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		5,836,205		10,541		34,668		133,262
Allowance for estimated uncollectables		(4,095,669)		-		-		-
Assessment receivable Due from other funds		- 5 590 551		-		39,843		92,555
Due from other governments		5,589,551 361,115		-		39,843		92,333 577,081
Advances to other funds		302,548		-		320,124		577,061
Inventories or assets held for resale		386,335		- -		- -		- -
Prepaid Items		21,697		_		1,367		_
Total assets	\$	35,566,623	\$	9,316,801	\$	1,352,524	\$	3,473,022
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	ф	G 14G 50G	Φ.	2.221	ф	157 (00	Φ.	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	7,147,587	\$	2,321	\$	157,680	\$	-
Contracts payable Due to individuals		4,022 821		-		- 12		-
Due to individuals Due to other funds		956,181		-		13 16		2,400,000
Due to other governments		948,971		-		16		2,400,000
Deposits Deposits		23,383		_		17,783		_
Unearned revenue		16,973		_		-		_
Advances from other funds		-		_		_		_
Total liabilities		9,097,938		2,321		175,508		2,400,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Tax revenue - unavailable		_		-		_		-
Intergovernmental revenue - unavailable		-		-		-		-
Special Assessment revenue - unavailable		-		-		-		-
Charges for services - unavailable		614,647		-				-
Total deferred inflows of resources		614,647		-		-		-
Fund balances:								
Non-spendable		710,580		-		1,367		-
Restricted		-		9,314,480		-		-
Assigned		11,154,784		-		1,175,649		1,073,022
Unassigned		13,988,674		-				
Total fund balances		25,854,038		9,314,480		1,177,016		1,073,022
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	35,566,623	\$	9,316,801	\$	1,352,524	\$	3,473,022

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

MSTU FIRE PROTECTION		GAS TAX USES		DEBT SERVICE		OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS		TRANSPORTATION TRUST	
\$	1,400,939	\$	2,475,793	\$	1,476,179	\$ 14,947,194	\$	27,187,461	
	-		1,000		-	-		-	
	-		-		12,352,702	-		-	
	109,246		- 64		6,060	12,157		30,857	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	_		_		-	_		226,306	
	62,859		-		15,142	-		249,218	
	507,265		655,956		3,189,725	-		344,823	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		184,642		-	-		-	
						 1,990			
\$	2,080,309	\$	3,317,455	\$	17,039,808	\$ 14,961,341	\$	28,038,665	
\$	306,112	\$	209,440	\$	-	\$ 232,452	\$	1,010,890	
	-		- 27		-	-		541,692	
	- 75		27 9		257,110	-		92,245 907,260	
	63,580		281,408		237,110	275		1,100,518	
	-		2,400		_	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		8,408,438	-		-	
	369,767		493,284		8,665,548	 232,727		3,652,605	
	_		307,207		336,024	_		_	
	_		-		1,250,581	_		_	
	-		-		-	-		226,306	
	-				-	-		-	
			307,207		1,586,605	 <u>-</u>		226,306	
	-		184,642		-	1,990		-	
	-		-		6,787,655	10,937,344		24,159,754	
	1,710,542		2,332,322		-	3,789,280		-	
	1,710,542		2,516,964		6,787,655	 14,728,614		24,159,754	
	1,710,542	-	2,310,704		0,707,033	14,720,014		24,137,734	
\$	2,080,309	\$	3,317,455	\$	17,039,808	\$ 14,961,341	\$	28,038,665	

	WILD SPACES & PUBLIC PLACES		GOV	OTHER ZERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	27,748,591	\$	109,457,713	
Other cash and equivalents		-		4,628,178		10,505,369	
Sinking fund cash and cash reserves		-		-		12,352,702	
Investments		-		1,905,444		1,905,444	
Accounts receivable		-		122,557		6,295,617	
Allowance for estimated uncollectables		-		-		(4,095,669)	
Assessment receivable		-		575		226,881	
Due from other funds		-		242,043		6,291,211	
Due from other governments		-		1,571,469		7,527,558	
Advances to other funds		-		-		302,548	
Inventories or assets held for resale		-		-		570,977	
Prepaid Items		-		6,152		31,206	
Total assets	\$	-	\$	36,225,009	\$	151,371,557	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,131,895	\$	10,198,377	
Contracts payable		-		25,598		571,312	
Due to individuals		-		560,638		653,744	
Due to other funds		-		2,448,103		6,968,754	
Due to other governments		-		1,223,982		3,618,750	
Deposits		-		21,320		64,886	
Unearned revenue		-		54,850		71,823	
Advances from other funds		-		-		8,408,438	
Total liabilities		-		5,466,386		30,556,084	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Tax revenue - unavailable		_		_		643,231	
Intergovernmental revenue - unavailable		_		_		1,250,581	
Special Assessment revenue - unavailable		_		-		226,306	
Charges for services - unavailable		_		-		614,647	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		2,734,765	
Fund balances:							
Non-spendable		_		6,152		904,731	
Restricted		_		27,626,506		78,825,739	
Assigned		_		3,125,965		24,361,564	
Unassigned		_		5,125,705		13,988,674	
Total fund balances	-			30,758,623		118,080,708	
				30,730,023	-	110,000,700	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	_	\$	36,225,009	\$	151,371,557	
or resources and rund varances	Ψ		Ψ	30,223,007	Ψ	101,011,001	

Alachua County, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

F	
Fund balances – total governmental funds (page 28)	\$118,080,708
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Positiare different because:	ion
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources at therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements. The cost of capassets is \$1,027,237,544 and the accumulated depreciation is \$510,387,328.	
Total governmental activities capital assets Remove Internal Service capital assets (5,238,113)	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period a therefore are not reported in fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities year end consist of:	
Bonds and notes payable (\$79,657,139	9)
Capital lease payable (638,66)	1)
Medicaid payable (1,766,859)	9)
Self-insured losses (5,467,239	
Accrued compensated absences (14,548,853	
Net Pension Liability (83,708,843)	3)
Less amounts reported in Internal Service funds:	
Self-insured losses 5,467,23	
Accrued compensated absences 210,13	
Net Pension Liability 700,24	(179,409,974)
Accrued long-term debt interest payable is not current and therefore is reported in the fund statements.	(1,073,133)
Net OPEB assets are reported in the statement of net position but not in functional statements.	1 599,250
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources do not affect current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the government funds.	
Deferred outflow on pension liabilities 36,277,22	21
Deferred inflow on pension liabilities (36,346,86)	
Deferred outflow loss on refunding 1,414,26	1,344,622
Certain receivables are not "available" in the current period and therefore ar not recognized as revenues in governmental funds.	e 2,734,765
The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities.	22,771,894
Prepaid Items originally expensed in full, reclassified as an asset.	1,662,640
Net Position of governmental activities (page 23)	\$478,322,877

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	GENERAL	CHOICES	MSTU UNINCORPORATED SERVICES	MSTU LAW ENFORCEMENT
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 100,343,478	\$ -	\$ 3,856,663	\$ 17,275,207
Permits and fees	-	-	163,298	-
Intergovernmental	5,777,582	_	1,044,760	_
Charges for services	16,835,761	_	99,928	242,603
Fines and forfeitures	19,375	_	-	
Investment income	748,415	76,340	10,680	11,188
Special assessments and impact fees	-	-	-	-
Private donations	_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	1,903,686	102,654	34,115	2,806
Total revenues	125,628,297	178,994	5,209,444	17,531,804
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	35,106,407	_	1,003,088	223,869
Public safety	85,378,893	-	495,306	103,660
Physical environment	1,853,325	_	477,629	103,000
Transportation	538	-	958,269	-
Economic environment	1,159,007	-	972,366	-
Human services	12,538,779	494,622	972,300	-
Culture and recreation	527,277	494,022	1,065,336	-
Court cost	9,562,642	-	1,005,550	-
Debt service:	9,302,042	-	-	-
Principal	435,026			
Interest and fiscal charges	60,478	-	-	-
Capital outlay	00,478	-	-	-
Total expenditures	146,622,372	404 622	4,971,994	327,529
•	140,022,372	494,622	4,971,994	321,329
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(20.004.075)	(215 (20)	227.450	17 204 275
over (under) expenditures	(20,994,075)	(315,628)	237,450	17,204,275
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	29,610,055	-	380,600	1,186,066
Transfers out	(9,436,700)	-	(412,000)	(18,993,691)
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	161,229	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	20,334,584		(31,400)	(17,807,625)
Net change in fund balances	(659,491)	(315,628)	206,050	(603,350)
Fund balances - beginning	26,513,529	9,630,108	970,966	1,676,372
Fund balances - ending	\$ 25,854,038	\$ 9,314,480	\$ 1,177,016	\$ 1,073,022

PR	MSTU FIRE PROTECTION		GAS TAX USES		DEBT SERVICE		OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS	TRANSPORTATION TRUST
\$	11,543,579 3,972 22,730 714,372	\$	3,694,855 - 85,298 1,242,470	\$	6,825,612 - 15,176,244 37,209	\$	- - 390,991	\$ - 1,257,460 803,402 200
	24,032		- - -		107,572		87,176 151,119	247,718 1,284,014
	39,245 12,347,930		21,069 5,043,692		5,181		629,286	325,461 3,918,255
	139,540 13,340,751		-		67,910 -		-	-
	-		8,297,754 -		- - -		- - -	9,014,116 -
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		10,174,500		-	-
	-		-		3,028,316		2,439,159	-
	13,480,291 (1,132,361)		8,297,754 (3,254,062)		13,270,726 8,881,092		2,439,159 (1,809,873)	9,014,116 (5,095,861)
							<u></u>	
	1,886,065 (612,136)		4,423,956 - -		2,388,282 (10,292,214) (12,636,848)		3,845,738 (2,699,935)	881,009 - -
	-		119,072		12,661,848		25,152	<u>-</u>
	1,273,929		4,543,028 1,288,966		(7,878,932) 1,002,160		1,170,955 (638,918)	(4,214,852)
	1,568,974		1,227,998		5,785,495		15,367,532	28,374,606
\$	1,710,542	\$	2,516,964	\$	6,787,655	\$	14,728,614	\$ 24,159,754

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	WILD SPACES & PUBLIC PLACES		OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	4,226,119	\$	147,765,513
Permits and fees	-		232,371		1,657,101
Intergovernmental	-		11,007,552		33,917,568
Charges for services	-		6,494,872		26,058,406
Fines and forfeitures	-		2,548,654		2,568,029
Investment income	-		209,799		1,522,920
Special assessments and impact fees	-		4,764,050		6,199,183
Private donations	-		182,261		182,261
Miscellaneous	 -	ī	666,193		3,100,410
Total revenues	 		30,331,871		222,971,391
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	_		75,974		36,616,788
Public safety	_		6,044,115		105,362,725
Physical environment	708		6,459,172		8,790,834
Transportation	-		, , , , <u>-</u>		18,270,677
Economic environment	-		4,069,580		6,200,953
Human services	-		1,941,128		14,974,529
Culture and recreation	-		90,946		1,683,559
Court cost	-		7,339,690		16,902,332
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-		10,609,526
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		3,088,794
Capital outlay	-		-		2,439,159
Total expenditures	 708		26,020,605		224,939,876
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		-			
over (under) expenditures	 (708)		4,311,266		(1,968,485)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-		6,737,588		51,339,359
Transfers out	-		(8,859,963)		(51,306,639)
Payment to escrow agent	-		-		(12,636,848)
Issuance of debt	-		-		12,687,000
Sale of capital assets	-		-		280,301
Total other financing sources and (uses)	-		(2,122,375)		363,173
Net change in fund balances	(708)		2,188,891		(1,605,312)
Fund balances - beginning	708		28,569,732		119,686,020
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	30,758,623	\$	118,080,708

Alachua County, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

-		
Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (page 32)		(\$1,605,312)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Abecause:	Activities are different	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures of than depreciation (\$19,554,502) in the current period.	al lives as depreciation	
Total governmental activities capital outlay expenditures Remove Internal Service capital outlay expenditures Total capital outlay expenditures excluding Internal Service	\$19,098,576 (1,391,967) \$17,706,609	
Total governmental activities depreciation Remove Internal Service depreciation	(\$21,035,329) 1,480,827	
Total depreciation excluding Internal Service	(\$19,554,502)	(1,847,893)
Donations/contributions of capital assets increase net position in the St but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not finance.		3,356,665
Governmental funds report sale of capital assets as financial resources; capital assets are not reflected in the fund statement.	the loss on disposal of	
Total capital outlay loss per Capital Asset Schedule	(\$461,921)	
Add Internal Service adjustment	265,365	
Remove gain Internal Service	(218,894)	
Total capital outlay loss excluding Internal Service	(\$415,450)	(415,450)
Repayments of bond, note, and capital lease principal (\$10,609,526 less premium of \$48,781) are expenditures in the governmental funds, but a long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		10,655,381
Issuance of debt provide current financial resources to governmental fur long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	nds, but debt increases	(12,687,000)
Paid to refunding bond escrow agent		12,636,848
The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred in statement of activities, but not in governmental funds.	inflows are reported	
Change in pension liabilities Less: Change internal service pension liabilities Net change in pension liabilities Change in deferred outflows Less: Change in internal service deferred outflows Net change in deferred outflows Change in deferred inflows Less: Change in internal service deferred inflows	(\$31,478,575) 256,206 (\$31,222,369) \$26,483,680 (216,285) \$26,267,395 \$10,717,065 (87,520)	
Net change in deferred inflows	\$10,629,545	5,674,571
Change in the deferred loss on refunding is not reported in governmenta	ıl funds.	(86,171)

Alachua County, Florida

Page 2 of 2 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Amortization of the change in Net	OPEB Obligation is not required	to be reported at fund
level.		•

level.	•	
Total change in net OPEB asset	\$614,862	
Remove change in net OPEB asset Internal Service	(15,612)	
Total change in net OPEB asset excluding Internal Service	\$599,250	
_		599,250
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not requir	re the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the g	governmental funds.	
Net change in compensated absences	(\$432,556)	
Net change in Medicaid payable	883,430	
Net change in accrued interest payable	(16,925)	
Net adjustment	\$433,949	433,949
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of replacement, fleet services, and telephone services to individual funds. net loss for internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(\$2,655,251) of total	(2,655,251)
Accrued tax revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue		
funds.		(212,443)
Prepaid items originally expensed in full, reclassified as an asset.		296,401
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 25)		\$14,143,545

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015		BUSINESS-T						
				ONMAJOR	TRIBLI	CNDS	GOV	ERNMENTAL
				IETARY FUND				TIVITIES -
		400	410				II	NTERNAL
	SO	LID WASTE		CODES			:	SERVICE
		SYSTEM		ORCEMENT		TOTAL		FUNDS
ASSETS	-		-		-		-	
Current assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	11,897,991	\$	1,874,048	\$	13,772,039	\$	19,938,901
Other cash and equivalents	•	250	-	-,,	-	250	_	
Cash with claims administrator		-		_		230		200,000
Accounts receivable		827,186		70		827,256		264,546
		,		70				
Due from other funds		15,310		-		15,310		662,312
Due from other governments		20,594		1,069		21,663		757
Inventories		-		-		-		178,932
Prepaid items		1,225		-		1,225		-
Net OPEB asset		34,099		9,064		43,163		15,612
Total current assets		12,796,655		1,884,251		14,680,906		21,261,060
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments		53,573		-		53,573		-
Advances to other funds		1,384,450		-		1,384,450		6,721,440
Investments		3,437,498		_		3,437,498		-
Interest receivable		14,236		_		14,236		_
Total restricted assets		4,889,757				4,889,757		6,721,440
Capital assets:		4,002,737				4,007,737		0,721,440
•		24 217 170		107.604		24,424,774		17,787,532
Capital assets		24,317,170		107,604				
Less accumulated depreciation		(14,873,810)		(95,772)		(14,969,582)		(12,549,421)
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)		9,443,360		11,832		9,455,192		5,238,111
Total noncurrent assets		14,333,117		11,832		14,344,949		11,959,551
Total assets		27,129,772		1,896,083		29,025,855		33,220,611
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to pensions		538,819		170,153		708,972		283,588
	-		-	,				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:		011.025		20.026		041.071		2 422 010
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		811,035		30,036		841,071		2,423,918
Unearned revenue		-		3,500		3,500		1,633,509
Due to other funds		-		79		79		-
Due to other governments		74,702		11,530		86,232		7,861
Deposits		97,627		-		97,627		-
Accrued compensated absences of a year or less		252,148		86,184		338,332		110,771
Accrued landfill post closure cost		434,597		-		434,597		-
Estimated liability for self insured losses		-		-		-		1,931,303
Net pension liability		18,814		5,941		24,755		9,902
Total current liabilities		1,688,923		137,270		1,826,193		6,117,264
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Accrued compensated absences more than a year		158,284		46,204		204,488		99,367
Estimated liability for self insured losses		-		-		-		3,535,936
Net pension liability		1,311,652		414,206		1,725,858		690,343
Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accrued landfill post closure cost		4,360,843		-		4,360,843		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		5,830,779		460,410		6,291,189		4,325,646
Total liabilities		7,519,702		597,680		8,117,382		10,442,910
	-	.,012,102	-	27.,000		5,11,502		-5, 2, 210
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to pensions		549,850		173,637		723,487		289,395
NET POSITION	_	_	_	_		_	_	
NET POSITION		0.442.252		11.000		0.455.103		F 220 11:
Net investment in capital assets		9,443,360		11,832		9,455,192		5,238,111
Restricted for cash reserves		1,384,450		-		1,384,450		4,251,795
Unrestricted		8,771,229		1,283,087		10,054,316		13,281,988
Total net position	\$	19,599,039	\$	1,294,919	\$	20,893,958	\$	22,771,894

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	BUSINESS-TY				
		NONMAJOR		GOVERNMENTA	
		PROPRIETARY FUND	<u>)</u>	ACTIVITIES -	
	400	410		INTERNAL	
	SOLID WASTE SYSTEM	CODES ENFORCEMENT	TOTAL	SERVICE FUNDS	
Operating revenues:	51515	<u> </u>			
Charges for services	\$ 8,980,756	\$ 13,037	\$ 8,993,793	\$ 28,842,679	
Fines and forfeitures	-	31,610	31,610	-	
Permits, licenses and franchise fees	285,534	1,621,431	1,906,965	_	
Special assessments and impact fees	3,431,665	-	3,431,665	_	
Miscellaneous revenue	1,370,698	1,983	1,372,681	1,656,994	
Total operating revenues	14,068,653	1,668,061	15,736,714	30,499,673	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	2,854,737	833,220	3,687,957	1,739,093	
Depreciation	682,710	4,071	686,781	1,480,827	
Indirect costs	373,632	82,735	456,367	243,590	
Supplies and materials	1,043,455	33,384	1,076,839	2,499,476	
Other services and charges	9,360,685	115,789	9,476,474	3,677,140	
Claims and losses	-	-	-	23,779,135	
Total operating expenses	14,315,219	1,069,199	15,384,418	33,419,261	
Operating income (loss)	(246,566)	598,862	352,296	(2,919,588)	
Nonoperating revenues:					
Net gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	692	2,982	3,674	218,894	
Investment Income	118,965	=	118,965	148,473	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	119,657	2,982	122,639	367,367	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(126,909)	601,844	474,935	(2,552,221	
Transfers:					
Transfers in	120,310	-	120,310	3,049,824	
Transfers (out)	-	(50,000)	(50,000)	(3,152,854	
Total transfers	120,310	(50,000)	70,310	(103,030	
Change in net position	(6,599)	551,844	545,245	(2,655,251	
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	21,037,575	1,195,265	22,232,840	26,180,796	
Net Pension Liability	(843,674)	(266,424)	(1,110,098)	(444,039	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	127,874	40,383	168,257	67,303	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(716,137)		(942,286)	(376,915	
Total net position - beginning, as restated	19,605,638	743,075	20,348,713	25,427,145	
Total net position - ending	\$ 19,599,039	\$ 1,294,919	\$ 20,893,958	\$ 22,771,894	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	DUCINECC	YPE ACTIVITIES - ENTE	DDDICE ELIMING	
	DUSINESS-1	NONMAJOR	KPKISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL
		PROPRIETARY FUND		ACTIVITIES -
	400	410		INTERNAL
	SOLID WASTE	CODES		SERVICE
	SYSTEM	ENFORCEMENT	TOTAL	FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	51512	<u> </u>		
Cash received for services	\$ 9,191,524	\$ 1,616,996	\$ 10,808,520	\$ 28,732,868
Cash received from special assessments & franchise fees	3,431,665	=	3,431,665	-
Miscellaneous cash receipts	1,370,698	1,983	1,372,681	1,656,994
Cash paid to outside parties	(11,325,563)	(375,811)	(11,701,374)	(32,416,020)
Cash paid to employees	(2,460,804)	(704,555)	(3,165,359)	(1,508,766)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	207,520	538,613	746,133	(3,534,924)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(026)		(02.5)	157 (00
Due from other funds	(836)	-	(836)	157,609
Due from other governments	(19,034)	(178)	(19,212)	20,787
Transfers in (out)	120,310	(50,000)	70,310	(103,030)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	100,440	(50,178)	50,262	75,366
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTI	VITIES			
Payments for capital assets	(620,833)	=	(620,833)	(1,391,967)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	692	2,982	3,674	265,365
Net cash provided (used) by capital & related financing activities	(620,141)	2,982	(617,159)	(1,126,602)
The cash provided (asset) by suprim to remote maintaing activities	(020,111)		(017,107)	(1,120,002)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received	118,965	-	118,965	148,473
Proceeds from investments	143,042		143,042	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	262,007	<u> </u>	262,007	148,473
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(50,174)	491,417	441,243	(4,437,687)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2014	12,001,988	1,382,631	13,384,619	24,576,588
	ф. 11.051.014	A 1.074.040	Φ 12.025.0<2	Ф 20.120.001
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2015	\$ 11,951,814	\$ 1,874,048	\$ 13,825,862	\$ 20,138,901
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 11,897,991	\$ 1,874,048	\$ 13,772,039	\$ 19,938,901
Other cash and equivalents	250	-	250	-
Cash with claims administrator		_		200,000
Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments	53,573	-	53,573	
Total	\$ 11,951,814	\$ 1,874,048	\$ 13,825,862	\$ 20,138,901
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
On(1)	¢ (046.550)	¢ 500.073	¢ 250.005	¢ (0.010.500)
Operating income (loss)	\$ (246,566)	\$ 598,862	\$ 352,296	\$ (2,919,588)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:	40 2 7 40	4.054	40.4 T 0.4	4 400 000
Depreciation expense	682,710	4,071	686,781	1,480,827
Pension expense adjustment	(90,440)	(28,559)	(118,999)	(47,599)
OPEB expense adjustment	(34,099)	(9,064)	(43,163)	(15,612)
Increase (decrease) in estimated landfill post closure cost	(207,396)	=	(207,396)	=
Increase (decrease) in estimated liability for self insured losses	-	-	-	(381,129)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	105,872	(70)	105,802	(67,426)
Increase (decrease) in user deposits	(5,050)	-	(5,050)	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(58,760)	(15,994)	(74,754)	(10,267)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(9,301)	3,500	(5,801)	45,135
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-	-	-	5,860
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	70,550	(14,133)	56,417	(1,625,125)
Total adjustments	454,086	(60,249)	393,837	(615,336)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 207,520	\$ 538,613	\$ 746,133	\$ (3,534,924)
	-			

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	 AGENCY FUNDS	EMI	HER POST- PLOYMENT ENEFITS TRUST FUND
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 5,443	\$	-
Other cash and equivalents	7,094,803		-
Investments			
FMPTF Bond fund	-		1,438,362
Due from individuals	171,326		-
Due from other governments	15,489		-
Total assets	7,287,061		1,438,362
LIABILITIES			
Assets held for others	2,210,907		-
Due to other governments	1,047,917		-
Deposits held in escrow	35,426		-
Deposits - installment taxes	3,992,811		-
Total liabilities	 7,287,061		-
NET POSITION			
Held in Trust for OPEB	_		1,438,362
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ -	\$	1,438,362

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Additions	EB TRUST FUND
Contributions: Employer Members	\$ - -
Total contributions	-
Investment earnings:	
Net depreciation in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	(5,030)
Total investment income (loss)	(5,030)
Less investment expense	-
Net investment income (loss)	(5,030)
Total additions	(5,030)
Deductions	
Benefit payments Refunds of nonvested contributions	-
Administrative expenses	- -
Total deductions	-
Net decrease	(5,030)
Net position held in trust for other postemployment benefits - beginning	 1,443,392
Net position held in trust for other postemployment benefits - ending	\$ 1,438,362

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Alachua County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida and is governed by a five-member elected Board of County Commissioners ("Board") that derives its authority from the County Charter and Florida Statutes and regulations. In addition to the members of the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: the Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and Tax Collector. The Constitutional Officers, except for the Supervisor of Elections, maintain separate accounting records and budgets.

The Board funds the operations of both the Sheriff and the Supervisor of Elections. The Board of County Commissioners, the Library District, the St. Johns River Water Management District and the Suwannee River Water Management District fund the operations of the Property Appraiser. The Clerk's duties as Clerk to the Board and Clerk of the County Court are funded from fees and charges authorized under Chapter 2009-61 and 2009-204 Laws of Florida and the Board of County Commissioners. The Tax Collector's operations are funded by fees collected by the Officer.

The accompanying financial statements present the County (primary government), and its Component Units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the County's Component Units. They are included because if excluded the County's financial statements would be misleading. Two Component Units are discretely presented in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separation from the County. The following Component Units are included in the statements:

1. John A. H. Murphree Law Library

The John A. H. Murphree Law Library, a dependent special district established by Special Act (57-1118) during the 1957 Florida Legislative session, is a discretely presented component unit that benefits the Courts, County Officials, and the public at large. The Board of Trustees for the Law Library consists of one County Commissioner and several other local law community individuals. The Board of Trustees has full power and authority to establish, operate and maintain the Law Library. The Board of County Commissioners is authorized to appropriate other available funds for the use of the Law Library. There are no separately issued financial statements.

2. Alachua County Housing Finance Authority

The Alachua County Housing Finance Authority (Chapter 159.601, Florida Statutes), a dependent special district is a discretely presented component unit that provides financing for low-income housing. The Authority is required to obtain Board approval for all its fiscal activities. The Authority is governed by a separate board and does not provide services exclusively to the County. There are no separately issued financial statements.

The fiscal year end for both discretely presented component units is September 30th.

Related Organizations

The Alachua County Library District (Chapter 98-502 as amended by 03-375, Laws of Florida) provides library system services and facilities for all citizens of Alachua County, Florida. The Alachua County Health Facilities Authority (Chapter 154.201, Florida Statutes) assists in financing health care facilities. The Alachua County Housing Authority (Section 421.27, Florida Statutes) assists in providing safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations to persons of low income. Alachua County is not able to impose its will on these organizations, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship between these

organizations and the County. Therefore, these organizations are not component units and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2015, Alachua County had not participated in any joint ventures with any other governmental entities.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) provide financial information on County government as a whole, except for fiduciary activities.

These statements include separate columns for the government and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities shows the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly related to a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting specific requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the County's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements show information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statement includes financial information for the agency funds. The agency funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the supplemental information section.

Governmental Major Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The County-wide General Fund is subdivided into the following 6 categories: Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector.

The Community Health Offering Innovative Care and Educational Services Program (CHOICES) – Pursuant to the August 2004 sales tax referendum, the County received .25% sales tax from January 2005 through December 2011. This discretionary sales surtax provides a broad range of health care services to the adult working uninsured Alachua County residents. The Board of County Commissioners has changed the initial requirements for use of the funds allowing more residents to qualify.

Municipal Services Taxing Unit (MSTU) – This fund was established September 9, 1976 by Alachua County ordinances 76-85 and 86, and in accordance with Florida Statute 125.01(1)(q) to account for expanded Sheriff services, improved fire protection services, Animal Control services, Codes Enforcement activities and Solid Waste enforcement and administration. Funding is primarily provided from ad valorem taxes and revenues generated by various charges and fees for services provided by the departments. In fiscal year 2003 the MSTU fund was split in order to segregate law enforcement services and other services. The Sheriff's Law Enforcement services are accounted for in MSTU Law Enforcement, and other unincorporated services are accounted for in MSTU Unincorporated Services. In fiscal year 2007 the MSTU Unincorporated Services was split further to separate MSTU Fire Protection Services.

Gas Tax Uses – This fund was established by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners Resolution 00-85 in accordance with Florida Statute 336.025 to account for fuel tax revenues which are collected from the Local Option Gas Tax, Seventh Cent County Gas Tax and intragovernmental services charges disbursed to Alachua County to be expended in activities related to its transportation system. These activities include road and bridge maintenance, the Transportation Improvement Program, support for bus services for the disadvantaged, and fulfillment of related debt service requirements.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated to make payments for principal and interest on long-term obligation debt of governmental funds. Revenues from ad valorem taxes, sales and gas taxes are committed by the Board of County Commissioners to pay the County's long term obligations.

Other Capital Projects Fund – The Other Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources (a) that are restricted or legally limited to specific capital expenditures or (b) that the government has publicly expressed its intention to use for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and renovations (other than those financed by the proprietary fund types).

Transportation Trust Fund – This capital project fund is used to account for capital transportation projects, such as roads and multi-modal improvements and maintenance, using money transferred from the General fund and from the Transportation Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. The fund was established March 8, 2005 by resolution 05-20.

Wild Spaces & Public Places Fund – This capital project fund is the result of the Nov. 4, 2008 voted one-half cent sales surtax for a two year period, and Ordinance 08-17 adopted by the County on August 12, 2008. The monies from the surtax are used to purchase conservation lands and enhance parks and recreation facilities in the County and all the cities in the County.

Enterprise Major Fund

Solid Waste System – This fund accounts for revenues and expenses associated with refuse/garbage disposal, recyclable reclaiming, care of closed of landfills, and collection activities outside the mandated

designated Alachua County collection area.

Enterprise Non-major Fund

Codes Enforcement – This fund was established on October 1, 1998 to account for revenues and expenses associated with licenses, permits, fines and fees for services of the Department of Growth Management, Office of Codes Enforcement.

Other Fund Types

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for services provided primarily to other departments of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis and include the Computer Replacement, Self-insurance, Fleet Management, Telephone Service, Vehicle Replacement and Health Insurance funds.

Trust and Agency Funds – Trust and agency funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals; examples are cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments, other post-employment benefits trust and ad valorem taxes.

Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, non-current governmental liabilities such as general obligation bonds, and revenue bonds and capital leases, to be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement presentation

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce the County's long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of related liability, rather than as expenses.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The County chooses to eliminate indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a doubling up effect.

2. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been

recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the County receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or funds liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The County's enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include those costs associated with the principal activities of the funds; currently there are no non-operating expenses in the County's proprietary funds

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt would be recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness would be reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense. Currently, the proprietary funds carry no debt.

4. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary funds include trust funds and agency funds. All trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The County has one trust fund – the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) fund. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds and report only assets and liabilities. So, agency funds do not have a measurement focus, but do use an accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Net Position

1. Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less. This includes cash in banks, repurchase agreements with financial institutions, petty cash, cash with claims administrators, balances in the State Board of Administration Investment Pool, money market funds, certificates of deposit and US Treasury securities.

2. Investments

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement 31.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as Due To/From Other Funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as Internal Balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance designation in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Inventories, Prepaid Items and Assets Held for Resale

Inventories, consisting primarily of expendable items (materials and supplies), are determined by physical count at the County's fiscal year-end and valued at cost on the basis of the first-in first-out method of accounting. Inventory shown in the Governmental Funds consists of fuel, veterinary and medical supplies, vehicle parts and road materials. Inventory is recorded as an expenditure when consumed (consumption method) rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Inventories and prepaid items are reported as nonspendable fund balance in governmental funds. Assets held for resale include homes rehabilitated through the Neighborhood Stabilization Program whose proceeds upon sale are used to purchase additional homes.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because a restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, applicable laws and regulations limit their use. It is the practice of the County to utilize restricted net position before unrestricted net position.

Certain Solid Waste System Enterprise Fund assets are required to be segregated from other current assets. These assets are legally restricted for specific purposes, such as landfill post closure care. A portion of net position is restricted for current annual post closure costs. See Note 1.D.8.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, right of ways, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals, storm water drainage and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Alachua County defines capital assets to include items of a non-consumable nature with a value of at least \$1,000 and a life of more than one year. Software costing over \$20,000 with a life greater than one year is also capitalized.

Roads, bridges, traffic signals, and storm water basins constructed prior to October 1, 2000 are reported at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The Board holds legal title to the capital assets used in the operations of the Board of County Commissioners, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts, and Supervisor of Elections and is accountable for them under Florida law. Under Florida Law, the Sheriff is accountable for maintaining capital asset records for equipment used in her operations. The County's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings/improvements	10 - 50
Equipment/Software	2 - 20
Infrastructure	10 - 50

7. Capitalization of Interest

GASB 37 requires capitalization of bond issue interest costs during the construction period for proprietary activities. These costs are netted against applicable interest earnings on construction fund investments. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

8. Landfill Post Closure Care Costs

The County has adopted a policy based on U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rules and in accordance with Florida Law sets aside funds for the post closure care costs of the County's closed landfills.

The County has no landfills that are currently accepting waste. Within the Solid Waste System Enterprise Fund, deposits are made to the fund's other cash and equivalents account for the purpose of complying with the escrow requirements of Rule 17-701.630, Florida Administrative Code. This rule requires the County to annually deposit funds in an interest-bearing escrow account for the purpose of funding the estimated landfill post closure cost. This amount is represented as Restricted Assets on the Statement of Net Position. Per the above rule, an audited report is filed each year with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

The liability on the face of the statements is equal to the total estimated cost of post closure care. The estimates are reviewed and adjusted each year for changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

9. Unearned Revenue

If assets have been received by the County for services to be rendered in future periods, asset balances have been offset by an unearned revenue liability account.

10. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by employees. The amount estimated to be used in the following fiscal year is the current amount. The amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years is the non-current amount. The current and non-current amounts for government funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and the government-wide presentations.

11. Obligation for Bond Arbitrage Rebate

Pursuant to Section 148(f) of the U. S. Internal Revenue Code, the County must rebate to the United States Government the excess of interest earned from the investment of certain debt proceeds and pledged revenues over the yield rate of the applicable debt. The County uses the revenue reduction approach in accounting for rebatable arbitrage, which treats excess earnings as a reduction of revenue.

12. Bond Discounts/Premiums

Bond discounts and premiums associated with the issuance of governmental bonds are amortized according to the straight-line method. For financial reporting, unamortized bond discounts and premiums are netted against the applicable long-term debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that amount of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures; encumbrances are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balances at year-end, depending on the level of constraint and are reappropriated the following year.

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Deferred Inflows/Outflows

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets, and deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities. Notwithstanding those similarities, deferred outflows of resources are not assets and deferred inflows of resources are not liabilities and accordingly are not included in those sections of the statement of financial position.

16. Classifications of Fund Balances and Net Position

The County follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which classifies fund balances for governmental funds into specifically defined classifications. The classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications are described below:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Items included in this classification are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted Fund Balance The restricted fund balance is defined as having restrictions (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balances are those that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, which is an ordinance. The County has no committed fund balances.
- Assigned Fund Balances are amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent may be expressed by formal action of the BOCC, other than ordinances, or by the County Manager or acting administrative official as permitted by the BOCC's adopted Purchasing Policy.
- Unassigned Fund Balance Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund, the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The County's policy is to expend resources in the following over of priority: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. It is the County's policy that unassigned fund balance of the General Fund, at fiscal year end, not be less than 10% of the following year's projected operating revenue. In any fiscal year where the County is unable to maintain the minimum unassigned fund balance, the County shall reestablish the minimum amount over a 3 year period. During the reestablishment period, the County shall not appropriate any amounts of unassigned fund balance for the purpose of balancing the budget until the 10% minimum is reached.

Net position of the Self Insurance Fund is restricted for cash reserve requirements.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The County uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information sections of this financial statement.

- (1) The County adopts its budget in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200 of the Florida Statutes, the County Charter, and County Policy. The County and County Manager follow an internal hearing process to set the proposed tentative budget and millage. Public hearings are then held to adopt both a tentative budget and millage, and a final budget and millage, in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200, Florida Statutes.
- (2) Level of Control Expenditures may not exceed appropriations and are controlled in the following manner: The budget is controlled according to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, at the total fund level. The County has adopted more stringent policies that control expenditures on the major category (Personal Services, Operating, Capital Outlay, Debt Service, and Non-Operating) level within funds. The County, additionally, has adopted a Budget Amendment Policy that allows the County Manager to transfer budget amounts within departments and funds. The Board must authorize all budget changes between funds.
- (3) Budgets for the governmental and proprietary fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (4) Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of a fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget.
- (5) Budget for the Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture special revenue fund is approved by the Florida Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation and the Board. The Florida Department of Revenue approves the Property Appraiser's and the Tax Collector's respective budgets.
- (6) Formal budgetary integration is used as a management control device for all funds of the County.

The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenses for the proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015:

						Varia	nce with Final budget
		Ap	propriations	Tot	al Expenses	Positi	ive/(Negative)
Enterprise funds	Solid Waste System	\$	15,380,236	\$	14,349,318	\$	1,030,918
	Codes Enforcement		1,299,610		1,078,263		221,347
Internal Service funds	Computer Replacement		545,868		543,395		2,473
	Self Insurance		3,825,747		3,051,114		774,633
	Fleet Management		4,758,891		3,857,738		901,153
	Telephone Service		1,177,589		730,111		447,478
	Vehicle Replacement		2,270,234		1,094,104		1,176,130
	Health Insurance		24,171,827		24,158,411		13,416

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 3 - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION AND RESTRICTED NET POSITION A. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

A. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE		CHOICES	MSTU UNINCORPORATED SERVICES		ENH	MSTU LAW	MSTU FIRE PROTECTION	
Non-spendable	 ENERAL	 CHOICES	SEI	KVICES	ENI	FORCEMENT	PK	JIECTION_
Advances to other funds	\$ 302,548	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Inventory	386,335	-		-		_		_
Prepaid items	21,697	-		1,367		-		-
Total non-spendable	710,580	-		1,367		-		-
Restricted for:								
Bond covenants-cash reserves	-	-		-		-		-
Debt service	-	-		-		-		-
CHOICES referendum	-	9,314,480		-		-		-
Tourist development	-	-		-		-		_
Road construction	-	-		-		-		_
Capital Improvement revenue bond projects	-	-		-		_		_
Public Improvement revenue bond projects	-	-		-		_		_
Alachua County Forever	-	-		-		-		_
Impact fee - Fire	-	-		-		-		_
Impact fee - Parks	-	-		-		-		_
Impact fee - Transportation	-	-		-		-		_
Multi-Modal Transportation Mitigation	-	-		-		-		-
State & Federal grants & other purposes	-	-		-		-		-
Enabling legislation*	-	-		-		-		-
Total restricted	-	9,314,480		-		-		-
Assigned for:								
Subsequent year's reserve for contingency	6,095,524	-		-		-		-
FY16 Appropriated Fund Balance	5,059,260	-		-		-		-
Capital maintenance & preservation	-	-		-		-		-
Capital projects	-	-		-		-		-
Courts	-	-		-		-		-
Culture & recreation	-	-		1,175,649		-		-
Economic environment	-	-		-		-		-
Human Services	-	-		-		-		-
Physical environment	-	-		-		-		-
Public safety	-	-		-		1,073,022		1,710,542
Transportation	 -	 -		-				-
Total assigned	 11,154,784	 		1,175,649		1,073,022		1,710,542
Unassigned	 13,988,674	 						-
Total fund balances	\$ 25,854,038	\$ 9,314,480	\$	1,177,016	\$	1,073,022	\$	1,710,542

^{*}Enabling legislation - see detail on page 53

 GAS TAX USES	DEBT SERVICE	CA	THER PITAL DIECTS	TRAN	NSPORTATION TRUST	SPACES &	GOVE	THER RNMENTAL UNDS	GOV	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	302,548
184,642	-		-		-	-		-		570,977
 -			1,990			 -		6,152		31,206
 184,642		_	1,990		-	 -		6,152		904,731
-	5,463,72	28	-		-	-		_		5,463,728
-	1,323,92		-		-	-		-		1,323,927
-	-		-		-	-		-		9,314,480
-	-		-		-	-		5,683,671		5,683,671
-	-		-		11,913,030	-		-		11,913,030
-	-		25,227		-	-		-		25,227
-	-	9.	,285,259		-	-		-		9,285,259
-	-		-		-	-		2,326,419		2,326,419
-	-		387,391		-	-		-		387,391
-	-		325,566		-	-		-		325,566
-	-		-		10,405,525	-		-		10,405,525
-	-		-		1,276,641	-		-		1,276,641
-	-		-		564,558	-		3,296,921		3,861,479
-	-		913,901		-	-		16,319,495		17,233,396
-	6,787,65		,937,344		24,159,754	 -		27,626,506		78,825,739
	_							_		6,095,524
_	_		_		_	_				5,059,260
_	_		_		_	_		851,200		851,200
_	_	2	,119,353		_	_		-		2,119,353
_	_	<u>-</u> ,	-		_	_		178,928		178,928
_	_		_		_	_		176,510		1,352,159
_	_	1.	,669,927		_	_		-		1,669,927
_	_		-		_	_		69,779		69,779
_	_		_		_	_		68,650		68,650
_	_		_		-	_		1,780,898		4,564,462
2,332,322	_		-		-	_		-		2,332,322
2,332,322	_	3,	,789,280		-	 -		3,125,965		24,361,564
 						 				13,988,674
\$ 2,516,964	\$ 6,787,65	\$ 14.	,728,614	\$	24,159,754	\$ _	\$	30,758,623	\$	118,080,708

B. NET POSITION RESTRICTED BY ENABLING LEGISLATION

Program	Amount			
Administration	\$	832,907		
Culture & recreation		354,929		
Corrections		621,139		
Courts		4,053,126		
Community services		113,111		
Environmental services		267,217		
Emergency services		2,092,535		
Law enforcement		1,914,029		
Solid waste collection		6,984,403		
Total	\$	17,233,396		

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County, for accounting and investment purposes, maintains an internal investment pool that includes all the County's cash deposits and investments, except for those monies which are legally restricted to separate administration or are administered by other agencies. This gives the County the ability to invest large amounts of idle cash for short periods of time and maximize earning potential. Each fund's portion of the investment pool is displayed on the governmental funds balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments."

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2015 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position

Primary Government

Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$143,168,653
Cash with claims administrator	200,000
Other cash and equivalents	10,505,619
Sinking fund cash and equivalents	12,352,702
Other investments	1,905,444
Restricted cash and investments:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	53,573
Investments	3,437,498
Component Units	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	324,124
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	5,443
Other cash and investments	7,094,803
Investments	1,438,362
Total cash and investments	\$180,486,221

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2015 consist of the following: Primary Government	
Deposits with financial institutions	\$33,160,232
Investments	138,463,257
Component Units	
Investments	324,124
Fiduciary Assets	
Deposits with financial institutions	7,100,246
Investments	1,438,362
Total cash and investments	\$180,486,221

A. Cash Deposits

Deposits in banks and thrift institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, F. S., no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the County's operating and Component Units cash deposits are placed with qualified financial institutions and are fully insured or collateralized.

B. Investments

The County has formally adopted investment policies for Operating Funds and Component Units as described below.

Operating Funds and Component Units Investment Policy

The County adopted the Operating Fund Investment Policy with Ordinance 95-8, which provides for the investment of surplus operating public funds in the following instruments, none of which shall be in the form of derivatives. The following types of investments are allowed by the policy:

- The State Board of Administration's Florida Local Government Investment Pool (Florida PRIME)
- Negotiable direct obligations, or obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in certain financial institutions provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law
- Obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or Federal Home Loan Bank or its district banks, including Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation participation certificates, or obligations guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association.

• Securities of or other interests in, any registered open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust provided the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations and provided such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

Investment Holdings

As of September 30, 2015, the County had the following investments:

	WAM	
Investments	(Years)	Fair Value
Primary Government		
Fidelity Treasury MMF	36 days	\$ 190,703
FLGIT	1.42	19,513,505
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	29 days	20,925,633
Federal Agency Note (PFM)	0.22	1,999,420
Federal Agency Bond (PFM)	1.61	37,091,606
US Treasury Bond/Note (PFM)	1.84	50,889,568
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	0.62	7,852,822
Subtotal Primary Government		138,463,257
Component Unit		
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	29 days	324,124
Fiduciary		
FMPTF Cash/MMF	n/a	28,767
FMPTF Broad Market HQ Bond Fund	5.98	244,522
FMPTF Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	5.41	350,960
FMPTF HQ Growth Portfolio	n/a	110,754
FMPTF Large Cap Diversified Value	n/a	103,562
FMPTF Russell 1000 Enhanced Index	n/a	312,125
FMPTF Diversified Small Cap Equity	n/a	156,781
FMPTF International Equity Portfolio	n/a	130,891
Total Fiduciary		1,438,362
Total Holdings		\$ 140,225,743

Brief Description of each Investment Type (Primary Government)

Regions MMF (Fidelity Treasury Only Money Market Fund) - An open-end pool that seeks as high a level of current income as is consistent with the security of principal and liquidity. The Fund seeks to preserve and maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The Fund maintains a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less. This Fund is held in the trust department at Regions Bank and is also used as a sweep account for individual security transactions bought and sold by PFM Asset Management.

Florida Local Government Investment Trust – This is a short term bond fund created in December 12, 1991 through the joint efforts of the Florida Court Clerks and Comptrollers and the Florida Association of Counties. It is the longest running member-owned and member-governed local government investment

pool in the State of Florida. The fund is rated AAAf by Standard and Poor's. The fund is structured to maintain safety of principal and maximize available yield through a balance of quality and diversification.

State Board of Administration's Local Government Investment Pool (Florida Prime Fund) - The State of Florida's Local Government Investment Pool is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA), which provides regulatory oversight. The powers and duties of the SBA are defined in Florida Statute 218.409. In addition, Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code identifies the rules and regulations governing the administration of the State Pool. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the pool. The SBA provides regulatory oversight for the Florida PRIME Fund. As a pool participant, the County owns a share of the respective pool, not the underlying securities.

The Florida PRIME Fund is an external investment pool that has adopted operating procedures consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's investment requirements for a "2a7-like" fund and the fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

Additional information on the Florida PRIME Fund may be obtained from the State Board of Administration (www.sbafla.com).

US Treasury, Federal Agencies & Municipal Bond Securities - The County contracts with PFM Asset Management LLC, Independent Investment Advisor, to manage a portion of the operating portfolio. PFM is authorized to invest in US Treasury, Federal Agency, and Municipal bonds and notes on behalf of the County. At year end, PFM directly managed \$97,833,416 (fair market value) as noted in the table on page 58.

Description of Component Unit Investment Holdings

The John A. H. Murphree Law Library and Alachua County Housing Finance Authority, the County's discretely presented component units, invest in the County's internal investment pool. Their investment balances at September 30, 2015 are \$51,252 and \$272,872 respectively and the funds were invested in the Florida PRIME Fund. As participants in the internal investment pool the component units are subject to the same investment policy used for the County's operating funds.

Description of Fiduciary Asset Investment Holdings

The Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Trust invests with the Florida League of Cities' Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF). The FMPTF is considered a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The OPEB Trust owned shares in the LGIP at September 30, 2015 with a fair market value of \$1,438,362.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and they are uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the County's name.

The County's operating investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2015, all County and Component Units bank deposits were in qualified public depositories and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Securities, Division of the Treasury, State Department of Insurance.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u> – Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

The County's operating investment policy requires execution of a third-party custodial safekeeping agreement for all purchased securities, and requires that securities be held in the County's name. As of September 30, 2015, all securities are held in Region Bank's trust department in the County's name.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's operating investment policies have a provision that the investment (excluding 2a7-like pools) be rated by a nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase in either of its two highest rating categories (within which there may be sub-categories or gradations indicating relative standing). This policy applies to the County's operating investments and investments of the component units.

Presented below is the rating as of year-end for each major investment type and classification:

Investments	Rating	Fair Value		
Primary Government				
Regions MMF	AAAm	\$ 190,703		
FLGIT	AAAf	19,513,505		
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	AAAm	20,925,633		
Federal Agency Note (PFM)	A-1+	1,999,420		
Federal Agency Bond (PFM)	AA+	37,091,606		
US Treasury Bond/Note (PFM)	AA+	50,889,568		
Municipal Bonds (PFM)				
Mississippi State	AA	275,707		
State of Louisiana	AA	2,350,846		
State of Oregon	AAA	951,605		
IL Regional Transit Authority	AA	2,374,834		
University of California	AA	175,530		
University of Washington	AA	1,724,300		
Subtotal Primary Government		138,463,257		
Component Unit				
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	AAAm	324,124		
Fiduciary				
FMPTF Cash/MMF	Unrated	28,767		
FMPTF Broad Market HQ Bond Fund	AA/V4	244,522		
FMPTF Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	Unrated	350,960		
FMPTF HQ Growth Portfolio	Unrated	110,754		
FMPTF Large Cap Diversified Value	Unrated	103,562		
FMPTF Russell 1000 Enhanced Index	Unrated	312,125		
FMPTF Diversified Small Cap Equity	Unrated	156,781		
FMPTF International Equity Portfolio	Unrated	130,891		
Total Fiduciary		1,438,362		
Total Holdings	,	\$ 140,225,743		

<u>Interest Rate Risk - Investments</u> Section 218.415(6), Florida Statutes, limits investment maturities to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. The County has a formal investment policy for operating surplus funds that limits investment maturities to two years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Investment of non-operating funds, including bond reserves can have maturities that do not exceed ten years. Below is a detailed investment schedule organized by investment type, amount, and segmented time distribution:

		3 Months -			
Investment	Fair value	0 - 3 Months	1 year	> 1 year	
Federal Agency Note (PFM)	\$ 1,999,420	\$ 1,999,420	\$ -	\$ -	
Federal Agency Bond (PFM)	37,091,606	-	3,997,523	33,094,083	
US Treasury Bond / Note (PFM)	50,889,568	-	5,831,830	45,057,738	
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	7,852,822	275,707	5,852,815	1,724,300	
Total	\$ 97,833,416	\$ 2,275,127	\$ 15,682,168	\$ 79,876,121	

<u>Callable Investments</u> - The County has \$3,008,115 in Federal Instrumentalities that have embedded options consisting of the option at the discretion of the issuer to call their obligation or pay a stated increase in the interest rate. These securities have various call dates, and mature March 2017.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The County's adopted investment policy requires that assets held are diversified to control the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank through which these instruments are bought or sold. The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Diversification strategies within the established guidelines are reviewed and revised periodically as necessary by the appropriate management staff. The County held investments of greater than 5% in the following investment categories:

	Percentage of Total Cash &
Category	Investments
Federal National Mortgage Assn.	9.53%
Federal Home Loan Bank	12.60%

C. Restricted Cash and Investments

The following chart illustrates cash and investments restricted by bond covenants or used to fund post-closure of the landfill, including the funding of cash reserve requirements as a result of bond issuer downgrades:

Bond					
Covenants &				La	ınfill Post
Cash Reserve		ash Reserve Sinking Fund		Closure	
\$	1,384,450	\$	230,408	\$	-
1	4,977,671		802,891		-
	1,743,769		290,628		-
	355,992		-		-
	1,353,133		-		-
	1,213,760		-		-
			-		3,491,070
\$	11,028,775	\$	1,323,927	\$	3,491,070
	Ca	Covenants & Cash Reserve \$ 1,384,450 4,977,671 1,743,769 355,992 1,353,133 1,213,760	Covenants & Cash Reserve \$\frac{\mathbb{Sin}}{\mathbb{S}} 1,384,450 \$\$\$4,977,671 \$\$1,743,769 \$\$355,992 \$\$1,353,133 \$\$1,213,760 \$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$	Covenants & Cash Reserve Sinking Fund \$ 1,384,450 \$ 230,408 4,977,671 802,891 1,743,769 290,628 355,992 - 1,353,133 - 1,213,760 -	Covenants & Cash Reserve Sinking Fund Lame of Cash Reserve \$ 1,384,450 \$ 230,408 \$ 4,977,671 802,891 \$ 1,743,769 290,628 \$ 355,992 - - 1,353,133 - - 1,213,760 - -

- (1) Bond Surety, AMBAC, was downgraded from Baa1 to Caa2 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.
- (2) Bond Surety, Financial Security Assurance, was downgraded from AAA to Aa3 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.
- (3) Bond Surety, Assured Guaranty, was downgraded from AAA to Aa2 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

- **A.** Real Property Taxes pursuant to Section 193.122(3), Florida Statutes, notice of second certification was extended pursuant to F.S. 197.323 on October 17, 2013. Property taxes receivable were reported in the General fund, Municipal Services Taxing Unit funds, MSBU Refuse Collection, Debt Service fund, Tourist Development sub-fund, Sugarfoot Preservation special assessment sub-fund, West End special assessment sub-fund, NE 132nd Avenue special sub-fund and the Solid Waste fund as Due From other funds (Constitutional Officer-Tax Collector). Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections.
- **B.** Property Tax Calendar and pertinent assessment/lien information is as follows:
- 1. January 1 All taxes become a first lien, superior to all other liens.
- 2. *July 1* The Property Appraiser completes assessment and certifies the taxable value to the County.
- 3. August 5 The County certifies to the Property Appraiser the amount of taxes intended to be levied for both operations and debt service.
- 4. September (1-30) The County holds its final budget hearings and adopts the tax levy for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 5. *November 1* Taxes become due and payable before March 31.
- 6. April 1 All unpaid taxes become delinquent.
- 7. June 1 The Tax Collector sells tax certificates on all delinquent real estate parcels.

- 8. June (1-30) The Tax Collector disburses proceeds of the tax certificate sale to the taxing authorities.
- 9. Prior to April 30 of the tax year following delinquency, warrants are ratified on unpaid Tangible Personal Property taxes.

C. Real Property Delinquent Tax Process

- 1. April 1 Unpaid taxes become delinquent.
- 2. April 1 May 31 A list of delinquent parcels is advertised in a local newspaper. The owner can pay the tax due plus an interest charge of 3%, plus advertising fees if applicable.
- 3. June 1 If the owner has not paid, the Tax Collector sells a tax certificate on the parcel(s). Tax Certificates are sold for the amount of tax due on the property plus the advertising costs, interest due, and a 5% commission to the Tax Collector (= the "Face Amount"). When the certificate is redeemed, the Tax Certificate holder then receives the face amount plus additional interest. Proceeds of the tax certificate sale are distributed to taxing authorities by the end of June.

D. Other Information Regarding Sale of Tax Certificates

- 1. Alachua County will hold any unsold certificates (for later sale if possible).
- 2. Property owners redeem certificates by paying the Tax Collector the tax certificate amount plus interest and fees; the Tax Collector then pays the certificate holder.
- 3. After two years, holders of unredeemed certificates may apply for a tax deed. In order to obtain a tax deed the property is offered at public auction with the minimum bid being the amount of the outstanding taxes and certificates on the property, plus additional fees. Any excess over this amount is applied against any other liens and then given to the property owner upon application.
- 4. The tax certificate expires on any unsold property after 7 years.

E. Tangible Personal Property Delinquent Tax Process

- 1. Prior to April 30 of the tax year following delinquency the Tax Collector will file a lawsuit. The Clerk of the Court will notify taxpayers by certified mail.
- 2. If the property owner does not pay, a Circuit Judge will ratify tax warrants allowing property to be seized and sold for taxes.

F. Property Tax Payment and Distribution

- 1. Discounts for early payment of property tax are allowed in the following manner:
 - 4% for November Payments
 - 3% for December Payments
 - 2% for January Payments
 - 1% for February Payments
- 2. The Tax Collector is required to distribute tax proceeds to taxing authorities promptly in order to provide cash for operations. Fiscal year 2015 distributions were made as follows:

November and December - 2 distributions each month

All other months – 1 distribution each month

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Inonogga	Doowoogog	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Primary Government	Datailce	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Dalalice
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 81,271,177	\$ 18,179	\$ (29,000)	\$ -	\$ 81,260,356
Right of Way	157,832,373	702,537	ψ (2 <i>)</i> ,000)	1,002,660	159,537,570
Stormwater Basins	14,068,823	-	_	(52,272)	
Artwork	91,390	_	_	(32,272)	91,390
Construction/Purchase in progress	15,974,554	8,357,690	(950,893)	_	23,381,351
Total not being depreciated	269,238,317	9,078,406	(979,893)	950,388	278,287,218
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	142,623,500	927,729	(149,911)	2,279	143,403,597
Equipment & purchased software	77,375,754	8,181,912	(5,292,387)	- -	80,265,279
Software - internally developed	188,016	-	-	-	188,016
Improvements other than Building	14,765,688	186,976	223,512	(2,279)	
Infrastructure	506,048,516	723,553	658,440	2,489,028	509,919,537
Total being depreciated	741,001,474	10,020,170	(4,560,346)	2,489,028	748,950,326
Less accumulated depreciation for:					_
Buildings	(52,719,768)	(4,206,618)	(1,959)	_	(56,928,345)
Equipment & purchased software	(52,499,429)	(6,238,235)		_	(53,657,387)
Software - internally developed	(146,551)	(26,356)		_	(172,907)
Improvements other than Building	(8,063,485)	(720,097)		16,907	(8,766,675)
Infrastructure	(380,918,333)	(9,844,023)		(99,658)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(494,347,566)	(21,035,329)		(82,751)	
Total being depreciated, net	246,653,908	(11,015,159)		2,406,277	238,562,998
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 515,892,225	\$ (1,936,753)			\$ 516,850,216
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	3,476,110	\$ 2,747	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,478,857
Total not being depreciated	3,476,110	2,747	_	-	3,478,857
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,959,928	-	-	-	2,959,928
Equipment & purchased software	3,938,810	538,199	(147,754)	-	4,329,255
Improvements other than Building	13,576,847	79,887	-	=	13,656,734
Total being depreciated	20,475,585	618,086	(147,754)	-	20,945,917
Less accumulated depreciation for:					_
Buildings	(1,411,432)	(93,220)	-	-	(1,504,652)
Equipment & purchased software	(2,512,946)	(389,690)	147,754	-	(2,754,882)
Improvements other than Building	(10,506,177)	(203,871)		-	(10,710,048)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,430,555)	(686,781)	147,754	-	(14,969,582)
Total being depreciated, net	6,045,030	(68,695)		-	5,976,335
Total business-type capital assets, net	9,521,140	(65,948)	-	-	\$ 9,455,192

^{*} Adjustments includes changes between asset types when construction is completed, donations and reclassifications.

B. Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and the Component Unit as follows:

Primary Government

$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$		4 1			•
Gove	rnme	ntai <i>A</i>	A CT	IVIT	ies:

Administration	\$ 804,706
Community service	532,071
Corrections	2,461,618
Courts	1,217,080
Culture & recreation	710,309
Tourist development	21,072
Emergency services	1,410,408
Environmental services	53,089
Growth management	45,247
Law enforcement	2,187,707
Solid waste disposal	7,853
Transportation (includes County infrastructure)	10,103,341
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.	 1,480,828
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 21,035,329
Business-type activities:	<u> </u>
Codes enforcement	\$ 4,071
Solid waste disposal	 682,710
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 686,781

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Balances as of September 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Governmental funds:	-	
General Fund	\$ 5,589,551	\$ 956,181
MSTU Unincorporated Services	39,843	16
MSTU Law Enforcement	92,555	2,400,000
MSTU Fire Protection	62,859	75
Gas Tax Uses	-	9
Debt service	15,142	257,110
Transportation Trust	249,218	907,260
Other Governmental Funds	242,043	2,448,103
Subtotal Governmental funds	6,291,211	6,968,754
Proprietary funds:		
Solid Waste System	15,310	-
Codes Enforcement	-	79
Internal Service funds	662,312	-
Total	\$ 6,968,833	\$ 6,968,833

Interfund Receivable consists of due from other funds and advance to other funds. Interfund Payable includes both due to other funds and advances from other funds. Debt Service funds first receive taxes according to bond covenant provisions and the remaining amount is due to either the General Fund or the Gas Tax Uses Fund. All remaining balances result from the time lag between the dates that (a) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (b) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (c) payments between funds are made.

B. Interfund Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Transfers from Other Funds	Transfers to Other Funds
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 29,610,055	\$ 9,436,700
MSTU Unincorporated Services	380,600	412,000
MSTU Law Enforcement	1,186,066	18,993,691
MSTU Fire Protection	1,886,065	612,136
Gas Tax Uses	4,423,956	-
Debt Service	2,388,282	10,292,214
Other Capital Projects	3,845,738	2,699,935
Transportation Trust	881,009	-
Other Governmental Funds	6,737,588	8,859,963
Subtotal-Governmental Funds	51,339,359	51,306,639
Proprietary Funds:		
Business-type Activities:		
Solid Waste System	120,310	-
Codes Enforcement	-	50,000
Internal Service Funds	3,049,824	3,152,854
Total	\$ 54,509,493	\$ 54,509,493

The County's routine transfers include transfers to: Special Revenue grant match requirements, other funds based on budgetary requirements and funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend revenues from another fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect revenues.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Long-term Obligations (excluding accrued compensated absences and estimated self-insured losses) at September 30, 2015 are composed of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Revenue Bonds:

\$21,170,000 Series A Public Improvement Revenue and \$42,455,000 Series 2007 B Public Improvement Revenue Refunding bonds, due in annual installments of \$750,000 to \$3,850,000 through 2029, interest from 4.000% to 4.250%.

Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax.

\$26,815,000

 $$15,400,000\ 2006\ Transportation$ Improvement revenue bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,090,000 to \$1,325,000 through 2021, interest from 4.000% to 4.125%.

Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's 5th, 6th, 7th and 9th cent voted Gas Tax.

7.230,000

TOTAL NOTES PAYABLE AND CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE	35,447,513
SUBTOTAL CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE	638,661
The Sheriff's Office entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement for radio equipment due in 7 annual installments of \$139,286, which includes interest at 3.18%.	509,075
The Property Appraiser entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement for software licenses and related computers and appurtenances, due in 7 semi-annual installments of \$45,000, which includes interest at 4.33%.	129,586
Capital Lease Payable:	
SUBTOTAL NOTES PAYABLE	34,808,852
\$12,637,000 2015B Public Improvement Revenue Refunding bank loan, due in annual installments of \$130,000 to \$1,502,000 through 2026, interest of 2.250%. Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax.	12,637,000
\$3,800,000 2015 A Capital Improvement Draw-down bank loan, due in annual installments of \$50,152 to \$419,000 through 2025, interest of 2.250%, and final draw no later than October 2016 with any undrawn balance reducing principal installments in inverse order. Revenue Source – a pledge of County's State Court Facilities Surcharge	50,152
\$9,900,000 2014 Public Improvement revenue bank loan, due in annual installments of \$919,000 to \$1,085,000 through 2024, interest of 2.090%. Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax.	9,900,000
\$9,615,000 2012 Alachua County Forever bank loan, due in annual installments of \$196,600 to \$2,079,100 through 2017, interest of 1.590%. Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's Ad Valorem revenues up to .25mills.	2,275,700
\$9,500,000 2011 Local Option Gas Tax bank loan, due in annual installments of \$1,253,000 to \$1,337,000 through 2019, interest of 2.200%. Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's 5 Cent Local Option Gas Tax.	5,178,000
\$7,700,000 2008 Capital Improvement bank loan, due in annual installments of \$514,000 to \$684,000 through 2023, interest of 4.090%. Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's Non-Ad Valorem revenues.	4,768,000
Notes Payable:	
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE	44,390,000
4.500%. Revenue Source – a pledge of the County's 5^{th} , 6^{th} , 7^{th} and 9^{th} cent voted Gas Tax.	10,345,000
\$18,245,000 2008 Transportation Improvement revenue bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,310,000 to \$1,665,000 through 2022, interest from 4.000% to	

Medicaid Payable:

\$5,300,578 Medicaid Payable HB5301, due in annual installments of \$883,429 to \$883,430 through 2017.

<u>Revenue Source</u> – County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax.

1,766,859

TOTAL MEDICAID PAYABLE

1,766,859

TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS WITH SCHEDULED MATURITIES

\$81,604,372

B. Debt Service and Medicaid Requirements to Maturity on the County's debt at September 30, 2015 are as follows:

						Total
	Notes Payable and					
	Revenu	e Bonds	Capital Lease Payable Medicaid			Interest, and
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Payable	Medicaid
2016	\$ 6,060,000	\$ 1,883,562	\$ 4,948,257	\$ 872,334	\$ 883,430	\$ 14,647,583
2017	6,345,000	1,631,162	3,277,033	728,929	883,429	12,865,553
2018	5,475,000	1,377,363	3,065,783	649,398	-	10,567,544
2019	5,725,000	1,129,563	4,265,627	555,871	-	11,676,061
2020	5,960,000	898,725	2,878,813	462,012	-	10,199,550
2021-2025	11,080,000	1,673,694	14,040,000	1,169,387	-	27,963,081
2026-2029	3,745,000	406,300	2,972,000	67,230		7,190,530
	44,390,000	9,000,369	35,447,513	4,505,161	1,766,859	95,109,902
Less:						
Unamortized						
Bond Discount	(17,307)	-	-	-	-	(17,307)
Plus:						
Unamortized						
Bond Premium	475,594		-	-	-	475,594
TOTAL	\$ 44,848,287	\$ 9,000,369	\$ 35,447,513	\$ 4,505,161	\$ 1,766,859	\$ 95,568,189

C. Changes in Long-term Obligations for the year ended Sept. 30, 2015 are as summarized as follows:

	Oc	Balance tober 1, 2014			Balance Sept 30, 2015		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:								
Revenue bonds payable	\$	62,180,000	\$ -	\$ (17,790,000)	\$	44,390,000	\$	6,060,000
Less: deferred amounts:								
Unamortized discounts		(20,233)	-	2,926		(17,307)		-
Unamortized premiums		627,512		(151,918)		475,594		-
Subtotal-bonds		62,787,279	-	(17,938,992)		44,848,287		6,060,000
Notes payable		26,436,200	12,687,152	(4,314,500)		34,808,852		4,746,100
Capital leases		1,073,687	-	(435,026)		638,661		202,157
Estimated liability-self insured losses		5,848,368	23,779,135	(24,160,264)		5,467,239		1,931,303
Medicaid payable (HB 5301)		2,650,289	-	(883,430)		1,766,859		883,430
Net Pension Liability		52,230,268	31,478,575	-		83,708,843		1,123,645
Accrued compensated absences		14,126,566	7,783,096	(7,360,807)		14,548,855		7,360,807
Total governmental activities		165,152,657	75,727,958	(55,093,019)		185,787,596		22,307,442
Business-type activities:								
Accrued compensated absences		617,574	263,578	(338,332)		542,820		338,332
Net Pension Liability		1,110,098	640,515	-		1,750,613		24,755
Accrued landfill closure cost		5,002,836		(207,396)		4,795,440		434,597
Total business-type activities		6,730,508	904,093	(545,728)		7,088,873		797,684
Total long-term obligations	\$	171,883,165	\$76,632,051	\$ (55,638,747)	\$	192,876,469	\$	23,105,126

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$210,138 of internal service funds compensated absences is included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

D. Summary of Revenue Bonds Payable – the following is a summary of government bond resolutions pertaining to debt reflected in the September 30, 2015 financial statements:

Name	\$15,400,000 Gas Tax	September 30, 2015 financi \$18,245,000 Gas Tax				
Name	. , ,		\$63,625,000 Public			
	Revenue Bonds, Series	Revenue Bonds, Series	Improvement Revenue Bonds,			
D	2006 To provide funds for the	2008	Series 2007A & B Series 2007A - To provide funds			
Purpose		*	<u> </u>			
	costs and acquisition and construction of certain road	the costs of acquisition and construction of certain road	for the acquisition and construction of a new fire station,			
			· ·			
	improvements within the	improvements within the	new jail dormitory, new			
	County; purchase the 2006	County, purchase of the	recreation and park			
	Surety Bond, and pay certain costs of issuance.	2008 Surety Bond, and costs of issuance.	improvements; purchase the 2007 Surety Bond, and costs of			
	certain costs of issuance.	costs of issuance.	issuance.			
			Series 2007B - To refund portions			
			of the County's Public			
			Improvement Revenue Bonds,			
			Series 1995 and its Public			
			Improvement Revenue Bonds,			
			Series 1999; purchase of the 2007			
			Surety Bond, and costs of			
			issuance.			
			issuance.			
Dated	April 12, 2006	April 10, 2008	February 6, 2007			
Final maturity		* '	·			
	August 1, 2021	August 1, 2022	August 1, 2029			
Principal	August 1st	August 1st	August 1st			
payment date Interest payment	August 1st and	August 1st and	August 1st and			
dates	February 1st	February 1st	February 1st			
	•	·	·			
Interest rates	4.00% to 4.125%	4.00% to 4.50%	4.00% to 4.25%			
Outstanding						
Principal at	ф 7.220.000	Φ10 245 000	Ф 2 С 91 5 000			
9/30/15	\$7,230,000	\$10,345,000	\$26,815,000			
Reserve	Φ1 204 4 5 0	Φ1 7 42 7 60	Φ4.077.c71			
requirement	\$1,384,450	\$1,743,769	\$4,977,671			
Ŭ	Constitutional Gas Tax,	Constitutional Gas Tax,	Local Government Half-Cent			
source	County Gas Tax, and Ninth	County Gas Tax, and Ninth	Sales Tax.			
	Cent Gas Tax.	Cent Gas Tax.				
Total debt svc		4	*			
payment	\$1,384,450	\$1,739,344	\$5,117,507			
0/ .6 1						
% of required						
Debt Svc to total						
pledged revenue			45.000			
source	40.5	59%	45.83%			

E. Current Refunding of Long-term Debt – On April 23, 2015, the County issued \$12,637,000 in Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Notes payable with an average interest rate of 2.25% to partially advance refund \$11,930,000 of outstanding 2007A Series bonds with an average interest rate of 4.282%. The net proceeds totaled \$12,636,848, of which \$12,576,848 was used to purchase U.S. government securities and \$60,000 was used to cover cost of issuance. In addition the County used \$60,000 of 2007A Series sinking fund monies to purchase U.S. securities. The total securities of \$12,636,848 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2007A Series bonds. As a result, the 2007A Series bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net position. The unrefunded portion of the 2007A Series bonds at September 30, 2015 is \$2,080,000.

Although the advance refunding resulted in the recognition of an accounting loss of \$603,863 for the year ended September 30, 2015, the County in effect reduced its aggregate debt service payments by almost \$1.1 million over the next 11 years and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1.0 million.

- **F. Demand Bonds** The County has no demand bonds.
- **G.** Conduit Debt Obligations From time to time, the County has issued Health Facility Revenue Bonds, Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and Housing Finance Authority Multi-family Housing Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of health care, industrial facilities, and multi-family housing deemed to be in the public interest. These bonds are secured by the financed property and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance.

There is no obligation on the part of the County, the State, or any political subdivision for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2015, there were twenty-one series of Health Facility Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$952,778,768, two series of Industrial Development Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$103,133,665, and eight series of Housing Finance Authority Multi-family Housing Bonds, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$35,971,041.

H. Landfill Post Closure Care Obligation – The County's Southwest Landfill's liability for fiscal year 2015 is \$3,803,380, a decrease of \$238,693 from the prior fiscal year. For other County landfills closed prior to 1985 and not subject to State law requirements, the County records a liability of \$992,060, an increase of \$31,297 from last fiscal year. See Note 1.D.8. for more information.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. State of Florida Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Plans

The County participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report may be obtained by writing

to the Division of Retirement, PO Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida, 32315-9000 or by calling (850) 488-6491.

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS. The County's contribution rates as of September 30, 2015, were as follows:

	FRS	HIS
Regular Class	5.60%	1.66%
Special Risk Class	20.38%	1.66%
Senior Management Service Class	19.77%	1.66%
Elected Officials	41.58%	1.66%
DROP from FRS	11.22%	1.66%

The County's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2015, were \$10,454,040 to the FRS and \$1,282,771 to the HIS.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At September 30, 2015, the County reported a liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability were determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2015. The County's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS		HIS		
Net pension liability at September 30, 2015	\$	54,186,620	\$	31,272,836	
Proportion at:					
September 30, 2015		0.4195%		0.3066%	
September 30, 2014		0.4115%		0.3020%	
Pension expense (benefit), year ended					
September 30, 2015	\$	3,484,700	\$	2,410,938	

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS			HIS				
	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows	Inflows of Resources		Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
	of	Resources						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,720,503	\$	(1,285,142)	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		3,596,547		-		2,460,355		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings								
on pension plan investments		19,086,028		(32,024,886)		16,929		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer								
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,434,748		(3,909,503)		620,549		(140,212)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,914,555		-		419,567		
Total	\$	33,752,381	\$	(37,219,531)	\$	3,517,400	\$	(140,212)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2016. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	 FRS	HIS		
2016	\$ (1,997,517)	\$	478,538	
2017	(1,997,517)		478,538	
2018	(1,997,517)		478,538	
2019	(1,997,515)		478,538	
2020	1,237,198		474,307	
Thereafter	371,163		569,162	
Total	\$ (6,381,705)	\$	2,957,621	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans, measured as of June 30, 2015, was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2015, using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	7.65%	N/A

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2015:

HIS: The municipal rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 4.29% to 3.80%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class.

		Annual	Compound Annual
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return
Cash	1.00%	3.20%	3.10%
Fixed income	18.00%	4.80%	4.70%
Global Equity	53.00%	8.50%	7.20%
Real estate (property)	10.00%	6.80%	6.20%
Private equity	6.00%	11.90%	8.20%
Strategic investments	12.00%	6.70%	6.10%
	100.00%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 7.65%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 3.80% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

		FRS					HIS					
		Current Discount				Current Discount						
	1% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase	19	% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase	
	(6.65%)		(7.65%)		(8.65%)		(2.80%)		(3.80%)		(4.80%)	
Governmental												
Employer's proportionate share												
of the net pension liability	\$ 140,409,787	\$	54,186,620	\$	(17,565,218)	\$	35,633,942	\$	31,272,836	\$	27,636,330	

Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2015, totaled \$484,204.

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description – In 2008, the County adopted resolution 08-104 which established the Alachua County Other Post Employment Benefit Trust (OPEB Trust), a qualifying trust, and began funding its OPEB Plan obligation. The County administers the cost-sharing single-employer defined benefit plan for post-employment benefits other than pension benefits (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan provides post employment life insurance benefits and a health insurance subsidy for retirees and eligible dependents of the Clerk of Court, Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Library District, and County. The Alachua County Board of County Commissioners can amend the benefit provisions. A separate stand-alone financial statement for the OPEB Plan is not prepared.

The life insurance benefit is provided at no charge to retirees. The life insurance benefit is \$15,000 for all retirees under the age of 65 and \$5,000 for retirees age 65 and older.

The health insurance subsidy is provided to retirees with at least 6 years of service who retire and begin receiving benefits from the Florida Retirement System (FRS) or the Library District Pension Plan (LDPP). Retirees must maintain health care coverage after employment to be eligible for the subsidy. The amount of the monthly subsidy is based on the number of years of total service with the County, Constitutional Officer, or Library District and is equal to three dollars a month for each year of service. The minimum monthly subsidy is \$18 and the maximum monthly subsidy is \$90 for employees that retire with 30 or more years of service.

Additionally, in accordance with Florida Statutes 112.0801, employees who retire and immediately begin receiving benefits from FRS or LDPP have the option of paying premiums to continue in the County's self-funded Health Insurance Plan at the same group rate as active employees. The retiree pays 100% of the blended group rate premium therefore receiving an implicit subsidy.

At October 1, 2014, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of:

Active employees (fully eligible)	187
Active employees (not fully eligible)	1,952
Retirees receiving benefits	626
Total OPEB participants	2,765

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits when earned and determined annually by the County's Actuary. Pay-as-you-go financing paid by the employers and plan members is accounted for in the County's Self-funded Health Insurance Fund and employers' contributions to the OPEB Trust to prefund benefits are accounted for in the County's OPEB Trust Fund. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the County paid a total of \$1,916,025 for the OPEB Plan. It is the County's intent to base future OPEB Trust contributions on the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) less pay-as-you-go financing; however, no future Trust contributions are legally or contractually required. Retiree plan members receiving benefits contributed an additional \$1,522,356 to pay-as-you-go financing through their required contribution of \$422.34 per month for retiree-only coverage, \$1,009.34 per month for retiree and spouse coverage and \$1,422.94 per month for family coverage.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The annual cost of the County's OPEB Plan is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed 30 years. The County's annual OPEB cost, percentage of OPEB cost contributed, and net OPEB benefit obligation (asset) for the current year and two preceding years are as follows:

Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contribution	% Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
2015	\$1,258,000	\$1,916,025	152%	(\$658,025)
2014	\$1,635,000	\$1,494,965	91%	-
2013	\$1,569,000	\$1,107,403	71%	(\$140,036)

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB Plan cost for the year, the amount actually contributed by the employer, and the changes in the net OPEB Plan obligation (asset):

Annual required contribution	\$1,258,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,258,000
OPEB plan payments:	
Pay-as-you-go financing	1,916,025
Contribution of assets to OPEB Trust	
Subtotal OPEB payments	1,916,025
Increase in net OPEB obligation (asset)	(658,025)
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation(asset)-end of year	\$ (658,025)

Funding Status and Funding Progress – The OPEB payments made for the 2015 fiscal year were 152% of the annual OPEB cost. As of the actuarial valuation report dated October 1, 2014, the funded status was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 16,933,000
Less: Actuarial value of plan assets	1,443,000
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 15,490,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	8.52%
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) Covered payroll at valuation date	\$ 8.52% 106,426,716

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employers and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method Level percent of projected payroll

Amortization period (open) 30 years Asset valuation method Fair Value

The actuarial assumptions are:

Investment rate of return7.0%Projected annual salaries increase3.5%Inflation Rate3.0%

Mortality RP-2014 projected to 2030 using scale MP-

14 applied on a gender-specific basis

Healthcare cost trend rate 8.0% initial year reduced 0.5% each year

until reaching ultimate trend rate of 4.5%

C. Accrued Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to accrue sick and vacation time in accordance with the County's personnel regulations or a collective bargaining agreement. Maximum accruals are shown on the following chart.

	Vacation	Vacation	Sick Leave
	Accrual	Termination	Accrual
	Maximum	Pay Maximum	Maximum
Board of County Commissioners (Including			
Supervisor of Elections)			
40 hours/week (hired before April 1, 2011)	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum
56 hours/week (hire before April 1, 2011)	392 hours	392 hours	No Maximum
40 hours/week (hired after March 31, 2011)	240	240	1000
56 hours/week (hired after March 31, 2011)	336	336	1400
Clerk of the Circuit Court	280 hours	240 hours	1040
Property Appraiser	280 hours	240 hours	No Maximum
Tax Collector	No Maximum	No Maximum	No Maximum
Sheriff	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum

Terminating employees with 10 years of service will be paid for half of unused sick time.

The County records a liability for compensated absences of \$15,091,674 on the Statement of Net Position. In the Government-wide presentation, compensated absences are accrued in the period they are earned. For the adjusted liabilities at the end of the year, a determination was made for current and non-current amounts. Accrued compensated absences are not recorded for any accruals over the maximum.

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The County complied with the requirements of subsection (g) of IRC Section 457 and, accordingly, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Deferred compensation amounts withheld from participating employee's pay are not taxable as current income until withdrawn from the plan. Annual contributions by a participant may not exceed \$17,500. There is an "age 50 catch-up" provision that allows an additional \$5,500 contribution from the year the employee reaches age 50 until the employee terminates employment.

E. Component Units Employment

The Component Units' employees have the same benefits as the Board of County Commissioners' employees.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONVENTIONALLY INSURED CLAIMS & LOSSES

The County is self-insured for risk management and employee group health insurance in two internal service funds maintained by the Board of County Commissioners. The following two sections and the disclosures required by GASB Statement 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues are provided below.

A. Risk Management Claims and Losses

The County has established a risk management program to cover claims against the Board and Constitutional Officers for the following types of risk:

- General Liability (self insured up to a limit of \$200,000)
- Workers Compensation (self insured up to limit of \$250,000)
- Automobile Liability (self insured up to limit of \$200,000)
- Public Officials Liability (self insured up to limit of \$100,000)
- EMS Professional Liability
- Lawyers Professional Liability
- Employment Practices Liability (self insured up to limit of \$100,000)

The County has authorized a commercial third party administrator to administer the County's automobile, general liability and workers' compensation claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from prior years. In instances where insurance has been purchased, no settlements have exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The estimated liability for self-insured losses is based on reported claims, historical loss data, industry statistics for claims incurred but not reported, and a valuation performed by an independent actuary as of July 31, 2015 projecting to September 30, 2015, and the prior year as of July 31, 2014 projecting to September 30, 2014:

	Cla	ims Liability,		Current Year					
	Begin	nning of Fiscal	Cla	aims & Changes		Claim	Cla	aims Liability, End	
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Year		in Estimates			Payments	of Fiscal Year		
2014	\$	4,943,030	\$	1,281,429	\$	(1,599,956)	\$	4,624,503	
2015		4,624,503		1,478,119		(1,847,660)		4,254,962	

For fiscal year 2015 the margin for the risk of adverse deviation was accrued at a 75% confidence level. Florida Statutes provide for local government tort immunity and a claims bill process. Our actuarial estimates do not include a provision for liabilities arising from claims bills except to the extent such claims are included in the loss history of Alachua County. The County's Actuary determined a portion of the claims liability that would be expected to be paid within one year and the accompanying financial statements reflect that by showing a current and a long-term liability.

All funds of the County including the Constitutional Officers of the County participate in the Risk Management Self-Insurance Fund. Payments to the Self-Insurance Fund are assessed based on actuarial estimates needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

B. Conventionally Insured Claims and Losses

The County retains conventional insurance coverage on all other types of insurable risks. These costs are also accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund.

C. Employee Group Health Insurance

The County provides group health insurance for its employees, their eligible dependents and eligible retirees. On October 1, 2005, the County established an employee group health self-insurance plan to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The County entered into an administrative services agreement with a commercial insurance carrier to provide administrative support for this plan. Under this plan, the County purchases stop-loss insurance with the individual deductible per covered unit of \$225,000 with no individual lifetime reimbursement maximum. All claims are paid through the group health insurance plan. Claims in excess of the \$225,000 individual deductible are reimbursed by the County's excess insurance carrier.

All County employees may participate in the employee group health insurance including all Constitutional Officer employees and Component Unit employees of the Murphree Law Library. In addition, the Alachua County Library District employees may participate in the plan. Payments to the employee group health insurance plan are assessed based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay current year claims and to establish a "reserve" (i.e. net position or equity) for catastrophic losses and to fund the retiree other post employee benefit. The employee group health insurance plan net position was \$2,698,593 at September 30, 2015.

The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2015 for the employee group health insurance plan was \$1,212,277. This amount was the actuarially determined claims liability based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10, which specifies that a liability for claims should be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These claims liability amounts are all considered to be due within one year and are classified as current liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. During fiscal year 2015, changes recorded to the claims liability for the employee group health insurance plan were as follows:

	Cl	aims Liability,		Current Year				
	Beg	inning of Fiscal	Cla	aims & Changes	Claim	Cla	aims Liability, End	
Fiscal Year		Year	in Estimates		Payments	of Fiscal Year		
2014	\$	968,023	\$	20,165,118	\$ (19,909,276)	\$	1,223,865	
2015		1,223,865		22,301,016	(22,312,604)		1,212,277	

D. Sheriff's Risk Management

For health insurance, the Sheriff participates in the risk management program established by the Board to cover claims against the Board and Constitutional Officers. The Sheriff also participates in the Florida Sheriffs' self-insurance pool for risk related to workers' compensation, auto and general liability insurance. For the past three years, there have been no insurance settlements significantly in excess of insurance coverage.

NOTE 11 - INDIRECT COSTS

The County's indirect costs consist of allowable administrative costs allocated to the Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, various Federal and State Grants, and Special Revenue Funds. The County's indirect cost plan is developed annually based on the prior year's actual expenditures. Some adjustments are required due to specific Federal grant allowances or other legal limitations. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the following was charged:

CHARGED		FUND	PROJECT NAME				
		Governmental Funds					
\$	234,055	MSTU-Unincorporated services	MSTU-Unincorporated services				
	495,930	MSTU-Fire protection services	MSTU-Fire protection services				
	3,473	Emergency services	EMPA State Grant				
	2,564	Emergency services	EMPG Federal Grant				
	56,030	MSBU	Refuse Collection				
	51,819	Drug & law enforcement	HRS Metamorphosis				
	10,694	Environmental	Hazardous Materials Code				
	7,593	Environmental	FDEP Tank Inspection				
	11,000	Environmental	FDEP Petroleum Cleanup				
	19,574	Tourism	Tourist Development				
	10,704	Other Special Revenues	Alachua County Fairgrounds Managemen				
	903,436	Subtotal-Governmental Funds					
		Enterprise Funds					
	215,307	Solid Waste	Solid Waste System				
	53,645	Solid Waste	Collection Centers				
	59,826	Solid Waste	Hazardous Waste Management				
	44,854	Solid Waste	Waste Management Assessment				
	6,113	Solid Waste	Landfill post closure care				
	82,735	Codes Enforcement	Codes Enforcement				
	462,480	Subtotal Enterprise Funds					
		Internal Service Funds					
	66,706	Self Insurance	Self Insurance Fund				
	150,207	Fleet Management	Fleet Management Fund				
	26,677	Telephone Services	Telephone Services				
	243,590	Subtotal Internal Service Funds					
\$	1,609,506	Total Indirect Cost					

Indirect costs between governmental activities have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statement presentation.

NOTE 12 - OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND AND COMPLIANCE DISCLOSURES

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There are no funds with an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue in the Budget Column

Certain funds show an excess of expenditures over revenue in the budget column of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual. This excess is due to the use of fund balance (which is not reported in the budget or variance column) during the fiscal year.

C. Change in Accounting Principle

The County restated the beginning net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary funds as follows to implement the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*.

	G	Sovernmental Activities	Вι	siness-Type Activities	Total
Net position - beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	553,685,792	\$	22,232,840	\$ 575,918,632
Restatement:					
Net pension liability		(52,230,268)		(1,110,098)	\$ (53,340,366)
Deferred outflows of resources for unamortized					
pension costs and subsequent contributions		10,077,129		168,257	\$ 10,245,386
Deferred inflows of resources for unamortized					
pension costs		(47,353,321)		(942,286)	\$ (48,295,607)
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	\$	464,179,332	\$	20,348,713	\$ 484,528,045

					_	overnmental Activities -
	S	Solid Waste System	Er	Codes nforcement	Inte	ernal Service Funds
Net position - beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	21,037,575	\$	1,195,265	\$	26,180,796
Restatement:						
Net pension liability		(843,674)		(266,424)	\$	(444,039)
Deferred outflows of resources for unamortized						
pension costs and subsequent contributions		127,874		40,383	\$	67,303
Deferred inflows of resources for unamortized						
pension costs		(716,137)		(226,149)	\$	(376,915)
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	\$	19,605,638	\$	743,075	\$	25,427,145

D. Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in subsequent fiscal years. The statements address:

- Fair Value
- OPEB
- GAAP Hierarchy
- Tax Abatement Disclosures
- External Investment Pools
- Blending certain Component Units
- Split Interest Agreements

The County is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its financial statements for subsequent fiscal years.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Commitments

- (1) Non-capitalized leases
 - (a) The County is leasing equipment, office space and electronic data processing equipment under leases that are cancelable under certain circumstances. These leases are accounted for as operating leases.
 - (b) Rental costs for the year ended September 30, 2015, under cancelable leases are summarized as follows:

Fund Charged	Amount			
General Fund	\$ 712,886			
Special Revenue Funds	209,785			
Enterprise Fund	45,215			
Internal Service Funds	3,878			
Total	\$ 971,764			

(c) The Tax Collector is leasing various equipment under renewable annual operating leases. During the year ended September 30, 2015, the lease payments on all operating leases were \$16,938. In addition, the Tax Collector is leasing various data transport services for network and voice connectivity to their remote locations. During the year ended September 30, 2015, the lease payments on all data transport service leases were \$21,280. The Tax Collector also has a ten-year renewable lease agreement for a Tag Office on Archer Road, which expires on April 13, 2017. During the year ended September 30, 2015, lease payments for office space totaled \$187,207.

Future minimum lease payments for noncancellable operating leases for the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2015, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2016	\$ 223,964
2017	136,854
2018	4,365
2019	696
2020	300
Total	\$ 366,179

- (d) The Sheriff is leasing equipment and office space under leases, which are cancelable under certain circumstances. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the lease payments on all operating leases amounted to approximately \$383,000.
- (2) Operating Leases The County leases the following property to private companies under renewable annual operating leases:

Operating Leases for fiscal year 2015:	Leas	e Amount
SP Recycling leases a building for \$118,307 annually, in monthly installments, due the first day of each month. A late fee of \$50 per day will be assessed against the lessee, if the payment is not received by the fifth day of each month. For subsequent years, an annual increase of 3% will be applied to the rent. The cost of the leased building is \$1,132,087, with an accumulated depreciation of \$531,574, resulting in a carrying value of \$6600,513. This lease was terminated December 2014.	\$	27,902
Phil-Nick's Restaurant leases a space in the commercial building at 37 N Main Street, consisting of approximately 2,187 square feet, paying rental payments in the amount of \$1,405 monthly, plus applicable taxes. Payment is due no later than the first of each month. The cost of the leased space is \$232,613, with \$194,498 accumulated depreciation resulting in a \$38,115 carrying value.		16,862
The licensee leased the land at 15 SW 2nd Street, for \$100 monthly, plus applicable taxes. Payment is due no later than the first of each month. The cost of the land is \$5,596. This lease was terminated April 2015.		700
Florida Department of Health, sub-leases warehouse space within a building located at 6520 NW 18th Drive, paying rental payments in the amount of \$2,757 monthly.		33,089
TOTAL OPERATING LEASES	\$	78,553

(3) The following is a schedule by year of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have remaining cancellable lease terms in excess of one year:

Fiscal Year		
Ending	L	ease
September 30	Rec	eivable
2016	\$	16,862
2017		16,862
2018		16,862
2019		16,862
2020		16,862
TOTAL	\$	84,310

(4) The landfill post closure care commitments are discussed in Note 1.D.8.

(5) Other significant outstanding contracts at September 30, 2015, are as follows:

Amount	Vendor Name	Description
\$ 285,556	HNTB Inc	Construction plan for SW 61 St & SW 24th Ave
331,736	Anderson Columbia	Construction of NW 16/23rd Ave
114,795	City of Newberry	Nations Park contruction Interlocal Agreement
289,267	Andrews Paving	SW 8th Ave multi-purpose path
224,647	Mauldin International Trucks Inc	Purchase replacement tanker truck
101,642	HNTB Inc	Design plans for SW 8th Ave to SW 20th to SW 61st St
218,445	Ewing Waterproofing Systems Inc	Jail building weatherizing improvements
343,661	Hall-Mark Fire Appartus Inc	Purchase of Rescue Pumper
807,337	HNTB Inc	Services for SW 30th Ave bridge
465,402	ETR LLC	Purchase of two ambulances
1,408,986	CW Roberts Contracting Inc	Construction of NW 23rd Ave / Fort Clarke Blvd intersection
271,638	Hall-Mark Fire Appartus Inc	Purchase two Horton 453 ambulances
422,226	Hall-Mark Fire Appartus Inc	Purchase three Horton 453 Critical Care vehicles
123,000	Duke Energy	Transmission facilities for 20th Ave expansion
100,888	Ocala Tractor LLC	Agriculture type tractor with grappler

B. Contingencies

(1) Risk Management contingencies are discussed in Note 10.

(2) Grant Funding

The County participates in a number of federally and state assisted programs that are subject to program compliance audits. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the County's financial statements are subject to single audits as required by OMB Circular A-133 and the Florida Single Audit Act. It is the opinion of management that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

(3) Pending Litigation

The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of County management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

(4) Employee benefits are discussed in Note 9.

(5) Solid Waste System

The County owns four closed landfills including the Southwest Landfill. If contamination levels were to increase in these landfills, the County could be liable for remediation actions. The remediation costs could range between \$0 and \$3 million depending on the severity of contamination detected and the number of landfill site(s) contaminated. In the worst-case scenario, remediation costs would not be incurred until after 2014.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Alachua County Housing Authority is a related organization of Alachua County. Alachua County has contracted with the Alachua County Housing Authority to administer and distribute funds for housing rehabilitation and temporary relocation from the Community Development Block Grant, the Neighborhood Stabilization Program and the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program.

The Alachua County Library District is a related organization of Alachua County. The County Attorney provides legal services and the Clerk of the Court provides accounting and treasury services to the Library District. Three of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners serve on the Library Governing Board.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - COUNTY-WIDE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -		
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES		ORIGINAL	TINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
Taxes		\$ 98,940,176	\$ 98,966,812	\$ 100,343,478	\$ 1,376,666		
Intergovernn	nental	5,251,762	5,259,708	5,777,582	517,874		
Charges for s	services	16,275,445	16,388,074	16,835,761	447,687		
Fines and for	feitures	17,400	17,400	19,375	1,975		
Investment in	ncome	317,200	617,200	748,415	131,215		
Miscellaneou	ıs	1,968,135	1,968,135	1,903,686	(64,449)		
Total re	venue	122,770,118	123,217,329	125,628,297	2,410,968		
EXPENDITU	RES						
Current:	General government	36,447,926	38,060,781	35,106,407	2,954,374		
	Public safety	85,550,303	86,496,456	85,378,893	1,117,563		
	Physical environment	1,974,928	1,977,556	1,853,325	124,231		
	Transportation	-	300,621	538	300,083		
	Economic environment	1,187,634	1,190,334	1,159,007	31,327		
	Human services	12,790,882	12,853,210	12,538,779	314,431		
	Culture and recreation	579,848	613,894	527,277	86,617		
	Court cost	9,494,263	10,016,053	9,562,642	453,411		
	Reserve for contingency	6,319,835	5,322,950	-	5,322,950		
Debt Service:	Principal	82,059	435,026	435,026	-		
	Interest	7,941	60,478	60,478	-		
Total ex	penditures	154,435,619	157,327,359	146,622,372	10,704,987		
Exce	ess (deficiency) of revenues over						
	(under) expenditures	(31,665,501)	(34,110,030)	(20,994,075)	13,115,955		
OTHER FINA	ANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		28,639,535	29,837,834	29,610,055	(227,779)		
Transfers out	t	(8,462,408)	(9,073,190)	(9,436,700)	(363,510)		
Sale of capita	al assets	22,000	113,960	161,229	47,269		
Total of	her financing sources and (uses)	20,199,127	20,878,604	20,334,584	(544,020)		
Net o	change in fund balances	(11,466,374)	(13,231,426)	(659,491)	12,571,935		
Fund balances	- beginning	11,466,374	13,231,426	26,513,529	13,282,103		
Fund balances	- ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,854,038	\$ 25,854,038		

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHOICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS							IANCE WITH L BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL			FINAL		ACTUAL		POSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,340	\$	76,340
Miscellaneous				-		102,654		102,654
Total revenue		-				178,994		178,994
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Human services		489,991	589,991		494,622			95,369
Reserve for contingency	12	,700,000	8,113,565		-			8,113,565
Total expenditures	13	,189,991		8,703,556		494,622		8,208,934
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(13	,189,991)	((8,703,556)		(315,628)		8,387,928
Fund balances - beginning	13,189,991			8,703,556	9,630,108			926,552
Fund balances - ending	\$ -		\$ -		\$ 9,314,480		\$	9,314,480

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - UNINCORPORATED SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUE	S				
Taxes		\$ 3,912,877	\$ 3,914,175	\$ 3,856,663	\$ (57,512)
Permits ar	nd fees	128,860	128,860	163,298	34,438
Intergover	nmental	1,016,500	1,016,500	1,044,760	28,260
Charges for	or services	59,000	59,000	99,928	40,928
Investmen	t income	8,120	8,120	10,680	2,560
Miscellane	eous	16,000	16,000	34,115	18,115
Total rev	venues	5,141,357	5,142,655	5,209,444	66,789
EXPENDIT	TURES				
Current:	General government	1,170,813	1,127,870	1,003,088	124,782
	Public safety	516,643	516,643	495,306	21,337
	Physical environment	488,012	491,762	477,629	14,133
	Transportation	994,879	1,029,196	958,269	70,927
	Economic environment	992,077	992,077	972,366	19,711
	Culture and recreation	1,147,286	1,237,422	1,065,336	172,086
	Reserve for contingency	268,708	278,632	-	278,632
Total exp	penditures	5,578,418	5,673,602	4,971,994	701,608
Exces	ss (deficiency) of revenues				
ov	er (under) expenditures	(437,061)	(530,947)	237,450	768,397
OTHER FI	NANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers i		315,932	379,192	380,600	1,408
Transfers of	out	(412,000)	(412,000)	(412,000)	-
Total	other financing sources and (uses)	(96,068)	(32,808)	(31,400)	1,408
Net cl	hange in fund balances	(533,129)	(563,755)	206,050	769,805
Fund balance	ces - beginning	533,129	563,755	970,966	407,211
Fund balances - ending		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,177,016	\$ 1,177,016

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

					VARI	ANCE WITH
		BUDGETED		FINA	L BUDGET -	
					P	OSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NI	EGATIVE)
REVENUES	\mathbf{S}					
Taxes		\$ 17,459,846	\$ 17,469,021	\$ 17,275,207	\$	(193,814)
Charges for	r services	425,000	425,000	242,603		(182,397)
Investment	t income	20,726	20,726	11,188		(9,538)
Miscellane	eous	104,294	104,294	2,806		(101,488)
Total reve	enues	18,009,866	18,019,041	17,531,804		(487,237)
EXPENDIT	URES					
Current:	General government	220,000	225,000	223,869		1,131
	Public safety	39,501	103,661	103,660		1
	Reserve for contingency	971,751	876,224	-		876,224
Total exp	enditures	1,231,252	1,204,885	327,529		877,356
Excess	s of revenues over expenditures	16,778,614	16,814,156	17,204,275		390,119
						_
OTHER FIN	JANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1	1,106,730	1,215,174	1,186,066		(29,108)
Transfers o	ut	(18,688,149)	(18,993,691)	(18,993,691)		
Total o	other financing sources and (uses)	(17,581,419)	(17,778,517)	(17,807,625)		(29,108)
Net ch	ange in fund balances	(802,805)	(964,361)	(603,350)		361,011
Fund balances - beginning		802,805	964,361	1,676,372		712,011
Fund balances - ending		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,073,022	\$	1,073,022

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - FIRE PROTECTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	BUDGETED	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 11,715,719	\$ 11,720,331	\$ 11,543,579	\$ (176,752)
Permits and fees	-	-	3,972	3,972
Intergovernmental	15,100	15,100	22,730	7,630
Charges for services	685,131	685,131	714,372	29,241
Investment income	10,000	10,000	24,032	14,032
Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000	39,245	19,245
Total revenues	12,445,950	12,450,562	12,347,930	(102,632)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government	140,000	140,000	139,540	460
Public safety	14,056,990	13,839,354	13,340,751	498,603
Reserve for contingency	659,337	669,132	-	669,132
Total expenditures	14,856,327	14,648,486	13,480,291	1,168,195
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(2,410,377)	(2,197,924)	(1,132,361)	1,065,563
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,795,797	1,877,131	1,886,065	8,934
Transfers out	(399,683)	(612,136)	(612,136)	-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	1,396,114	1,264,995	1,273,929	8,934
Net change in fund balances	(1,014,263)	(932,929)	141,568	1,074,497
Fund balance - beginning	1,014,263	932,929	1,568,974	636,045
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,710,542	\$ 1,710,542

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX USES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				VARIANCE WITH		
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		FINAL BUDGET -		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES				(1,201111,2)		
Taxes	\$ 3,333,964	\$ 3,333,964	\$ 3,694,855	\$ 360,891		
Intergovernmental	60,000	60,000	85,298	25,298		
Charges for services	899,390	1,049,390	1,242,470	193,080		
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	21,069	11,069		
Total revenues	4,303,354	4,453,354	5,043,692	590,338		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Physical environment	17,600	17,600	-	17,600		
Transportation	8,722,329	9,442,926	8,297,754	1,145,172		
Reserve for contingency	247,635	184,244	-	184,244		
Total expenditures	8,987,564	9,644,770	8,297,754	1,347,016		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(4,684,210)	(5,191,416)	(3,254,062)	1,937,354		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	3,814,841	4,423,956	4,423,956	-		
Sale of capital assets	-	-	119,072	119,072		
Total other financing sources and (uses)	3,814,841	4,423,956	4,543,028	119,072		
Net change in fund balances	(869,369)	(767,460)	1,288,966	2,056,426		
Fund balances - beginning	869,369	767,460	1,227,998	460,538		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,516,964	\$ 2,516,964		

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Revenue and expenditures in governmental funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with Florida Statutes. An annual budget is adopted by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners for all governmental fund types.

Alachua County's annual budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations, except for amounts corresponding to outstanding encumbrances, lapse at year-end.

Original and amended budgets, as well as budget to actual comparisons are provided in the financial statements for all governmental funds. The amended budget amounts presented have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget during the year by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual (GAAP) basis of accounting.

The County-wide General Fund is comprised of the following six sub-funds: Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector. In order to comply with generally accepted accounting principles, both the budgeted and actual intra-fund activity between these sub-funds has been consolidated in order to eliminate inflated amounts in the aggregated financial statements of the County-wide General Fund. Detail by sub-fund showing eliminations can be found in the Supplementary Information section starting on page 98.

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

See Note 9.B. starting on page 74 for detailed information on the County's OPEB Plan

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

				Actuarial				7	Total Annual	UAAL as %
Actuarial		Actuarial	Acc	rued Liability		Unfunded			Payroll at	of Covered
Valuation		Value of	(AA	AL)-Unit Cost	A	AL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	V	aluation Date	Payroll
Date	P	Assets (A)		(B)		(B-A)	(A/B)		(C)	(B-A)/C
10/1/2014	\$	1,443,000	\$	16,933,000	\$	15,490,000	8.5%	\$	106,426,716	14.6%
10/1/2013		1,232,000		19,260,000		18,028,000	6.4%		105,897,229	17.0%
10/1/2012		1,105,309		18,640,000		17,534,691	5.9%		100,693,903	17.4%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

				Required			
	End of Plan	Actual Covered	Required	Employer			
	Year to which	Payroll for	Employer	Contribution			
Valuation	Valuation	Current Period	Contribution	% Payroll	Actu	ıal Employer	Percentage
Date	Applies	(A)	Amount (B)	(B/A)	Co	ntributions	Contributed
10/1/2014	9/30/2015	\$ 102,410,613	\$ 1,258,000	1.23%	\$	1,916,025	152%
10/1/2013	9/30/2014	101,901,107	1,635,000	1.60%		1,494,965	91%
10/1/2012	9/30/2013	99,903,047	1,569,000	1.57%		1,107,403	71%

Alachua County, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Florida Retirement System (FRS)	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.4195%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 54,186,620
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 93,030,476
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	58.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.00%

Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.3066%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 31,272,836
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 93,030,476
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	33.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.50%

Notes to schedules:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year for the FRS and HIS were determined as of the measurement date, which was June 30th of the current fiscal year.

*GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

Alachua County, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Employer Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Florida Retirement System		2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	10,454,040		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(10,454,040)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-		
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	94,321,250		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.08%		
Health Insurance Subsidy Program	2015			
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,282,771		

Health Insurance Subsidy Program		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,282,771	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,282,771)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	94,321,250	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.36%	

Notes to schedules:

*GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORTS PREPARED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED
STATES, THE PROVISIONS OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND
BUDGET (OMB) CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE RULES OF THE
AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

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Pederal Program/State Project No. Contract/Gram Number Expenditures Subrectipients Subrectipient	Federal/State Agency,	CFDA			Transfer	Received
Description of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through FL Department of Economic Opportunity:	Pass-through Entity,	CSFA	Contract/Crant Number	Ermonditures		as Submainianta
Passed Through FL Department of Footnomic Opportunity:	rederai Program/State Project	NO.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Subrecipients
CDBG - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3) 14.228 12DB-QS-03-11-01-F08 104,362 <1> Community Development Block Grant 14.228 15DB-OJ-03-11-01-F08 2327,737 342,099	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Department of Justice Passed Through Florida Office of Attorney General: VOCA - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 V14106 123.426 98.901 16.575 V14244 V14244	Passed Through FL Department of Economic Opportunity:					
14.228 Total 342,009	CDBG - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3)	14.228	12DB-Q5-03-11-01-F08	104,362	<1>	
Passed Through Florida Office of Attorney General: VOCA - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 V14106	Community Development Block Grant	14.228			_	
VOCA - Crime Victim Assistance	Department of Justice					
Passed Through City of Gainesville:	Passed Through Florida Office of Attorney General:					
A Coordinated Community response to Preventing Violence Against women in Gainesville, Florida 16.590 2007-WE-AX-0054 24.057 2 2. Direct Program: State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP) Program 16.606 2014-H1484-FL-AP 36.118 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement: FDLE - Ballistic Tactical Vests FY15 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-10-R3-123 11,236 Problem Oriented Policing (POP) FY15 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-8-R3-122 27,099 RAD Grant 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-8-R3-122 26.834 SRD K-9 Drug-Firearms Awareness Grant 16.738 2014-JAGC-ALAC-8-R3-122 6.834 SRD K-9 Drug-Firearms Awareness Grant 16.738 2014-JAGC-ALAC-2-E5-057 865 Passed Through City of Gainesville: 2014 Direct Byrne JAG Grant 16.738 2014-DJ-BX-0689 16.738 Total 69.644 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35.650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 16.1028 LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	VOCA - Crime Victim Assistance		V14244	98,901	_	
Against women in Gainesville, Florida 16.590 2007-WE-AX-0054 24.057 <2> 2 Direct Program: State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP) Program 16.606 2014-H1484-FL-AP 36,118 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement: FDLE - Ballistic Tactical Vests FY15 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-10-R3-123 11,236 Problem Oriented Policing (POP) FY15 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-9-R3-022 27,099 RAD Grant 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-8-R3-122 6.834 SRD K-9 Drug/Firearms Awareness Grant 16.738 2014-JAGC-ALAC-2-E5-057 865 Passed Through City of Gainesville: 2014 Direct Byrne JAG Grant 16.738 2014-DJ-BX-0689 16.738 Total 69,644 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35,650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Passed Through City of Gainesville:					
State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP) Program 16.606 2014-H1484-FL-AP 36,118		16.590	2007-WE-AX-0054	24,057	<2>	24,057
### Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement: ###################################	Direct Program:					
### FDLE - Ballistic Tactical Vests FY15	State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP) Program	16.606	2014-H1484-FL-AP	36,118		
Problem Oriented Policing (POP) FY15 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-9-R3-022 27,099 RAD Grant 16.738 2015-JAGC-ALAC-9-R3-022 6,834 SRD K-9 Drug/Firearms Awareness Grant 16.738 2014-JAGC-ALAC-2-E5-057 865 Passed Through City of Gainesville: 2014 Direct Byrne JAG Grant 16.738 2014-DJ-BX-0689 23,610 <3> 20 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35,650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation:	Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:					
Passed Through City of Gainesville: 2014 Direct Byrne JAG Grant 16.738 2014-DJ-BX-0689 16.738 Total 69,644 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35,650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Problem Oriented Policing (POP) FY15 RAD Grant	16.738 16.738	2015-JAGC-ALAC-9-R3-022 2015-JAGC-ALAC-8-R3-122	27,099 6,834		
2014 Direct Byrne JAG Grant 16.738 2014-DJ-BX-0689 16.738 Total 23.610 69.644 Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35,650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:		10.738	2014-JAGC-ALAC-2-E5-05/	803		
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35,650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Passea Inrough City of Gainesville:					
NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) 16.813 2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024 35,650 Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	2014 Direct Byrne JAG Grant	16.738			_ <3>	23,610
Direct Program: Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement					
Equitable Sharing 16.922 N/A 161,028 Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP)	16.813	2014-NICS-ALAC-1-D3-024	35,650		
Department of Transportation Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Direct Program:					
Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation: LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Equitable Sharing	16.922	N/A	161,028		
LAP No: AQD10; Financial Proj. No.:	Department of Transportation					
	Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation:					
LAP No: ARD33; Financial Proj. No.:	Archer Braid Multi-Use Path Phase II	20.205	429029-01-38, 58-01	3,913		
SW 8th Ave Bike Lane/Sidewalk 20.205 428895-1-58, 68-01 799,489 20.205 Total 803,402	SW 8th Ave Bike Lane/Sidewalk	20.205	428895-1-58, 68-01		_	

Federal/State Agency,	CFDA			Transfer	Received
Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	CSFA No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	to Subrecipients	as Subrecipients
General Services Administration				_	
Passed Through Department of Management Services:					
Purchase of Helicopter-Military Surplus	39.003	N/A	89,290	<4>	
Department of Energy					
Passed Through Broward County:					
Go Solar - Florida	81.117	DE-EE0006309	75,482	<5>	75,782
US Election Assistance Commission					
Passed Through Florida Division of Elections:					
HAVA 08/09 HAVA 09/10	90.401 90.401	N/A N/A	2,896 13,050	_	
		90.401 Total	15,946		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through Florida Department of Children and Families:					
Metamorphosis FY12/16	93.558	NE020	10,006	<6>	
Passed Through Florida Department of Revenue:					
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	CD301	268,074		
Passed Through Partnership for Strong Families:					
Juvenile Dependency Mediation Program	93.599	PNP600	2,650		
Passed Through Florida Division of Elections:					
Polling Place Accessibility	93.617	MOA #2013-2014-0003	7,952	<7>	
Passed Through Florida Department of Children and Families:					
Metamorphosis FY12/16 (SFY14/15) Metamorphosis FY12/16 (SFY 15/16)	93.959 93.959	NE020 NE020	77,188 25,869	<6>	
Corporation for National and Community Service		93.959 Total	103,057		
Direct Program:					
Foster Grandparent Program 4/13 - 3/16	94.011	13SFSFL005	323,085		
Executive Office of the President					
Passed Through St. Johns County Sheriff:					
North Florida HIDTA (CADET)	95.001	N/A	180,231	<8>	180,231

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Federal/State Agency,	CFDA			Transfer	Received
Pass-through Entity,	CSFA			to	as
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management:					
EMPG Fed Grant 7/14-6/15	97.042	15-FG-4D-03-11-01-068	13,912		
EMPG Fed Grant 7/15-6/16	97.042	16-FG-5A-03-11-01-068	64,803		
Citizen Corps	97.042	15-CC-N2-58-03-01-409	5,052		
FY14 SHSGP CERT	97.042	15-CI-N2-58-03-01-408	5,029		
		97.042 Total	88,796	_	
FY13 DHS Issues 2 & 4	97.067	14-DS-L5-03-11-01-334	26,605		
FY14 DHS Issues 8 & 10	97.067	15-DS-P4-03-11-02-250	27,625		
State Homeland Security Grant (SHSGP)	97.067	14-DS-L5-03-11-01-458	10,900		
State Homeland Security Grant (SHSGP)	97.067	15-DS-P4-03-11-01-422	11,786		
		97.067 Total	76,916	_	
Direct Program:					
SAFER Grant	97.083	EMW-2013-FH-00323	1,103,941		
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 4,039,751	\$ -	\$ 303,680

Federal/State Agency,	CFDA			Transfer	Received
Pass-through Entity,	CSFA			to	as
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Subrecipients
Division of Emergency Management					
Direct Program:					
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance					
(EMPA) Grant 7/14-6/15	31.063	15-BG-83-03-11-01-001	72,152		
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance (EMPA) Grant 7/15-6/16	31.063	16-BG-83-03-11-01-001	26,750		
(2.12.17) State (7.10 %) 10		31.063 Total	98,902	_	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection					
Direct Program:					
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0716 - Baker County	13,553		
•	37.007	S0716 - Bradford County	16,091		
	37.007	S0716 - Columbia County	21,006		
	37.007	S0716 - Dixie County	17,000		
	37.007	S0716 - Gilchrist County	19,912		
	37.007	S0716 - Lafayette County	13,457		
	37.007 37.007	S0716 - Nassau County S0716 - Union County	18,943 13,011		
	37.007	37.007 Total	132,973	_	
			,,,,,		
Phifer Flatwoods Preserve Overlook	37.017	No.A4248	42,000		
Petroleum Cleanup Contract	37.024	S0477 - Task #6	270,976		
1	37.024	S0477 - Task #7	124,308		
		37.024 Total	395,284	-	
Florida Department of Legal Affairs and Attorney General					
Passed Through Florida Council Against Sexual Violence:					
Florida Council Against Sexual Violence 7/14-6/15	41.010	14OAG17	14,967		
Florida Council Against Sexual Violence 7/15-6/16	41.010	15OAG17	1,615	_	
		41.010 Total	16,582	_	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation					
Direct Program:					
SHIP - State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	52.901	SHIP 12/13	21,251		
Star State Housing Industries Future Ship Frogram	52.901	SHIP 13/14	195,896		
	52.901	SHIP 14/15	186,706		
	52.901	SHIP 15/16	808		
		52.901 Total	404,661	_	
Department of Children and Families					
Direct Program:					
Criminal Justice Mantal Health and Substance About					
Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Reinvestment Grant 5/14 - 3/17	60.115	LHZ45	391,755	391,755	
Activities of the Country of the Cou	00.113	LILLIA	371,733	371,733	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Federal/State Agency,	CFDA			Transfer	Received
Pass-through Entity,	CSFA			to	as
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Subrecipients
Florida Department of Health					
Direct Program:					
EMS County Grant Program - EMS Trust Fund	64.005	C2001	32,007		
, .	64.005	C3001	8,917		
		64.005 Total	40,924	-	
Passed Through Florida Council Against Sexual Violence:					
Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund SFY14/15	64.061	13RCP17	35,664		
General Revenue - Florida Council Against Sexual Violence - SFY14/15	64.069	13GR17	78,045		
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE		-	\$ 1,636,790	\$ 391,755	\$ -

Notes:

- <1> A portion of FY 15 expenditures for this program have been paid from program income.
- <2> Alachua County is a sub-recipient from the City of Gainesville.
- <3> Alachua County Sheriff's Office is a sub-recipient from the City of Gainesville.
- <4> Alachua County Sheriff's Office Non-Cash Assistance; Military surplus.
- <5> Alachua County is a sub-recipient from Broward County.
- <6> Grant is split between federal programs 93.558 and 93.959.
- <7> Fund 171 is the operating fund for the Supervisor of Elections. Grant expenditures were included with operating expenditures and not reported separately.
- <8> Alachua County Sheriff's Office is a sub-recipient from St. Johns County Sheriff.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal award activity of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance includes the State award activity of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, of the State of Florida.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers
Alachua County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Alachua County, Florida (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gainesville, Florida

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

June 22, 2016



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Each State Project

We have audited Alachua County, Florida's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* and the Department of Financial Services' *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and each of its major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2015. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and each of its major state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations;* and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and each major state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and each of its major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and each major state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and each major state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gainesville, Florida June 22, 2016

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Alachua County, Florida

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended September 30, 2015

PART I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unmodified opinions on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were reported during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The audit did not report significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over the major federal programs or state projects.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal programs and state projects expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal programs or state projects.
- 7. The programs/projects tested as major are as follows:

CFDA Number		
20.205		
94.011		
CSFA Number		
37.024		
52.901		

- 8. A threshold of \$300,000 was used to define Type A federal programs and state projects.
- 9. The County qualified as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in OMB Circular A-133.

PART II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

None

PART III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL PROGRAMS

None

PART IV – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – STATE PROJECTS

None



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2016. We have also issued a report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, and a report on internal control and compliance relating to the County's financial assistance. Those reports should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

Prior Audit Findings

The Rules of the Auditor General require that we comment as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit. If the audit findings in the preceding audit report are uncorrected, we are required to identify those findings that were also included in the second preceding audit report. The County has no uncorrected prior audit findings that are required to be identified pursuant to the Rules of the Auditor General.

Financial Condition

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.503, Florida Statutes, "Determination of Financial Emergency." In connection with our audit, we determined that the County has not met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Also, as required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures, as of the end of the fiscal year, pursuant to Rule 10.556(8). It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by management. The application of such procedures did not reveal evidence of "deteriorating financial condition" as that term is defined in Rule 10.554.

Annual Financial Report

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we determined that the County's annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, filed with the Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32, Florida Statutes, is in substantial agreement with the audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Other Matters

Our audit did not reveal any other matters that we are required to include in this management letter.

This management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of the audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Gainesville, Florida June 22, 2016

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

We have examined Alachua County, Florida's (the "County") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with the specific requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gainesville, Florida June 22, 2016



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTIONS 365.172(10) AND 365.173(2)(d), FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

Can Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

We have examined Alachua County, Florida's (the County) compliance with the requirements of Section 365.172(10), Florida Statutes, *Authorized Expenditures of E911 Fee*, and Section 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, *Distribution and Use of (E911) Funds*, during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gainesville, Florida June 22, 2016



CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Finance and Accounting 201 East University Avenue Gainesville, Florida 32601

J.K. IRBY CLERK

TELEPHONE (352) 374-3605

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The following is a summary of the September 30, 2014 audit findings and the current status of each finding.

There were no audit findings relating to Federal or State financial assistance awards.



Alachua County Board of County Commissioners

J.K. Irby, Clerk

Alachua County Clerk of the Court

Robert Hutchinson, *Chair* Ken Cornell, *Vice Chair* **Mike Byerly** Charles "Chuck" Chestnut, IV Lee Pinkoson Administration
Dr. Lee A. Niblock, CM
County Manager

June 28, 2016

Honorable Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Auditor General, State of Florida Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

Dear Ms. Norman:

This letter is in response to the Independent Auditors' management letter to the Board of County Commissioners of Alachua County, for the year ended September 30, 2015. We are happy to report that for the twenty-fourth year in a row the Auditors found no significant deficiencies.

Thank you for your attention.

Sincerely,

Robert Hutchinson, Chair Alachua County Commission

rdg

CC:

Board of County Commissioners

Dr. Lee A. Niblock, County Manager Michele L. Lieberman, County Attorney

12 SE 1st Street \blacksquare Gainesville, Florida 32601 \blacksquare Tel. (352) 264-6900 \blacksquare Fax (352) 338-7363